SAFETY DATA SHEET

Based upon Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 2015/830

Cobalt Nickel cement

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Cobalt Nickel cement

Synonyms : [leach residues, zinc ore-calcine, zinc cobalt]; Cément de Cobalt-Nickel; Cobalt cement ; Nickel cement; Kobalt-Nikkel cement; leach residues, zinc ore-calcine, zinc cobalt

Registration number REACH : 01-2119467169-28-0000 (Nyrstar Belgium NV/SA)
01-2119467169-28-0005 (Nyrstar Budel BV)

Product type REACH : Substance/UVCB

: Transported isolated intermediate

: On-site isolated intermediate

CAS number : 69012-72-2

EC number : 273-769-5

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

Under Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 the substance is defined as an on-site and transported isolated intermediate and must be used in correspondence to that status, including the application of strictly controlled conditions

IU1: production of the intermediate - During the hydrometallurgical production of Zinc, redox-potential variations (cementation) result in the selective precipitation of a 'Cobalt-Nickel cement' that concentrate the Co/Ni and Co/Ni-compounds from the feed; it is extracted and isolated for further processing.

IU2: use of the intermediate - The 'Cobalt-Nickel cement' is unloaded, blended with other, primary and/or secondary materials, and loaded in smelting furnaces (ISA, Blast, convertor, ...) or similar, or in hydrometallurgical steps for further processing and extraction of Cobalt and Nickel metal or Cobalt and Nickel compounds

For further details concerning the management measures: see the attached annex

1.2.2 Uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier of the safety data sheet

Nyrstar Belgium N.V. on behalf of Nyrstar Sales & Marketing A.G.
Zinkstraat 1
B-2490 Balen
☎ +32 14 44 95 00
🖷 +32 14 81 05 31
infoSDS@nyrstar.com

Nyrstar Budel B.V. on behalf of Nyrstar Sales & Marketing A.G.
Hoofdstraat 1
6024 AA Budel-Dorplein
☎ +32 14 44 96 80
🖷 +32 14 44 95 52
infoSDS@nyrstar.com

Manufacturer of the product

Nyrstar Sales & Marketing SA
1 Rue de Jargonnant
CH-1207 Geneva
infoSDS@nyrstar.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h (Telephone advice: English, French, German, Dutch):
+32 14 58 45 45 (BIG)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as dangerous according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Class	Category	Hazard statements
Carc.	category 1A	H350: May cause cancer.

Muta.	category 1B	H340: May cause genetic defects.
Repr.	category 1A	H360FD: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Acute Tox.	category 3	H331: Toxic if inhaled.
Resp. Sens.	category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin Sens.	category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT RE	category 1	H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
STOT RE	category 1	H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Acute Tox.	category 4	H302: Harmful if swallowed.
Eye Dam.	category 1	H318: Causes serious eye damage.
Aquatic Acute	category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aquatic Chronic	category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word Danger

H-statements

H350	May cause cancer.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed and if inhaled.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P-statements

P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P330	Rinse mouth.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Supplemental information

Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards

Caution! Substance is absorbed through the skin

Pulverization rapidly increases toxic concentration

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name REACH Registration No	CAS No EC No	Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark
tricopper arsenide	12005-75-3 234-472-6	0%<C<3.5%	Acute Tox. 3; H331 Acute Tox. 3; H301 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(10)	Constituent
calcium sulfate, dihydrate	10101-41-4 231-900-3	0%<C<6%		(2)	Constituent
cadmium (non-pyrophoric)	7440-43-9 231-152-8	0%<C<9%	Carc. 1B; H350 Muta. 2; H341 Repr. 2; H361fd Acute Tox. 2; H330 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(4)(10)	Total Cd content < 9.55 %

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)	1306-19-0 215-146-2	0%<C<3%	Carc. 1B; H350 Muta. 2; H341 Repr. 2; H361fd Acute Tox. 2; H330 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(4)(10)	Total Cd content < 9.55 %
cadmium sulphate	10124-36-4 233-331-6	0%<C<3%	Carc. 1B; H350 Muta. 1B; H340 Repr. 1B; H360FD Acute Tox. 2; H330 Acute Tox. 3; H301 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(4)(8)(10)	Total Cd content < 9.55 %
cobalt	7440-48-4 231-158-0	0%<C<7.5%	Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Chronic 4; H413	(1)(2)	Constituent
cobalt oxide	1307-96-6 215-154-6	0%<C<9.5%	Acute Tox. 3; H301 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(9)	Constituent
copper	7440-50-8 231-159-6	3.5%<C<14%		(2)	Constituent
copper(II) oxide	1317-38-0 215-269-1	0.9% <C<3.8%	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(9)	Constituent
copper sulphate	7758-98-7 231-847-6	1.9% <C<7.6%	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)	Constituent
nickel	7440-02-0 231-111-4	0%<C<7.5%	Carc. 2; H351 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT RE 1; H372	(1)(2)(10)	Constituent
nickel monoxide	1313-99-1 215-215-7	0%<C<9.5%	Carc. 1A; H350i Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Chronic 4; H413	(1)(2)(10)	Constituent
lead(II)sulphate	7446-14-2 231-198-9	0%<C<32%	Repr. 1A; H360Df Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H302 STOT RE 2; H373 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(8)(10)	Total Pb content ≤ 22 %
diantimony trioxide	1309-64-4 215-175-0	0%<C<3%	Carc. 2; H351	(1)(2)	Constituent
zinc	7440-66-6 231-175-3	5%<C<17.5%		(2)	Total Zn content ≤ 30 %
zinc oxide	1314-13-2 215-222-5	1.2% <C<4.4%	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)	Total Zn content ≤ 30 %
zinc sulphate (anhydrous)	7733-02-0 231-793-3	10%<C<35%	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)	Total Zn content ≤ 30 %

(1) For H-statements in full: see heading 16
(2) Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit
(4) Enumerated in candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for authorisation (Article 59 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006)
(8) Specific concentration limits, see heading 16
(9) M-factor, see heading 16
(10) Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General:

Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

After inhalation:

Remove the victim into fresh air. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service.

After skin contact:

Wash immediately with lots of water. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents without medical advice. Soap may be used. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.

After eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents without medical advice. Take victim to an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents without medical advice. Give nothing to drink. Victim is fully conscious: immediately induce vomiting. Induce vomiting by giving a 0.9 % saline solution. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.2.1 Acute symptoms

After inhalation:

AFTER INHALATION OF DUST: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Metal taste. Nausea. Vomiting. Feeling of weakness. Headache. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Risk of lung oedema. Risk of pneumonia. Decreased renal function.

After skin contact:

No effects known.

After eye contact:

Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Corrosion of the eye tissue.

After ingestion:

Nausea. Vomiting. Abdominal pain. Diarrhoea. Headache. AFTER INGESTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Increased salivation. Decreased renal function. Cramps/uncontrolled muscular contractions. Enlargement/affection of the liver.

4.2.2 Delayed symptoms

No effects known.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

The information in this section is a general description. If available, the documentation for isolated intermediates will be attached in annex to support safe handling arrangements.

5.1. Extinguishing media

5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Adapt extinguishing media to the environment for surrounding fires.

5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Not applicable.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (sulphur oxides) and formation of metallic fumes.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

5.3.1 Instructions:

Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.

5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Gloves. Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Dust cloud production: compressed air/oxygen apparatus. Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

The information in this section is a general description. If available, the documentation for isolated intermediates will be attached in annex to support safe handling arrangements.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Prevent dust cloud formation. No naked flames.

6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See heading 8.2

6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Gloves. Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Dust cloud production: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

Suitable protective clothing

See heading 8.2

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the solid spill. Knock down/dilute dust cloud with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop dust cloud by covering with sand/earth. Scoop solid spill into closing containers. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See heading 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If available, the documentation for isolated intermediates will be attached in annex to support safe handling arrangements.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid raising dust. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Keep container tightly closed.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Store in a dry area. Store at ambient temperature. Keep out of direct sunlight. Keep locked up. Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Meet the legal requirements.

7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, oxidizing agents, (strong) acids.

7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

Synthetic material, stoneware/porcelain, steel, tin.

7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

No data available

7.3. Specific end use(s)

If available, the documentation for isolated intermediates will be attached in annex to support safe handling arrangements.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational exposure

a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

EU

Inorganic lead and its compounds	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Binding occupational exposure limit value)	0.15 mg/m³

Belgium

Antimoine et ses composés (en Sb)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.5 mg/m³
Arsenic et ses composés inorganiques (en As)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.01 mg/m³
Cadmium et ses composés (particules alvéolaires) (en Cd)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.002 mg/m³
Cadmium et ses composés (particules inhalables) (en Cd)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.01 mg/m³
Calcium (sulfate de) (anhydrate, hemihydrate, dihydrate, gypse)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	10 mg/m³
Cobalt métal (fumées et poussières) (en Co)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.02 mg/m³
Cuivre (fumées) (en Cu)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.2 mg/m³
Cuivre (poussières et brouillards de) (en Cu)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1 mg/m³
Nickel (composés insolubles inorganiques) (en Ni)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.2 mg/m³
Nickel (métal)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1 mg/m³
Plomb inorg. (poussières et fumées) (en Pb)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.15 mg/m³
Zinc (oxyde de) (fumées)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	2 mg/m³
	Short time value	10 mg/m³

The Netherlands

Antimoonverbindingen (als Sb)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.5 mg/m³
Cadmiumoxide (rook) (als Cd)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.005 mg/m³
Cadmiumsulfaat (als Cd)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.005 mg/m³
Kobalt (stof en rook) (als Co)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.02 mg/m³
Koper en anorganische koperverbindingen (inhaleerbaar)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.1 mg/m³
Overige anorganische arseenverbindingen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.0028 mg/m³

France

Antimoine et ses composés, en Sb	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.5 mg/m³
Cadmium (oxyde de), en Cd	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.05 mg/m³
Cadmium et composés, en Cd	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.05 mg/m³
Calcium (sulfate de)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	10 mg/m³
Cuivre (fumées)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.2 mg/m³
Cuivre (poussières), en Cu	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	1 mg/m³
	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	2 mg/m³
Disulfiram	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	2 mg/m³
Nickel (métal)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	1 mg/m³
Nickel (oxyde de), en Ni	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	1 mg/m³
Plomb métallique et composés, en Pb	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRC: Valeur réglementaire contraignante)	0.1 mg/m³
Zinc (oxyde de, fumées)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	5 mg/m³
Zinc (oxyde de, poussières)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	10 mg/m³

Germany

Blei und anorganischen Bleiverbindungen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 505)	0.1 mg/m³
Calciumsulfat	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	6 mg/m³
Diantimontrioxid	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.006 mg/m³
Nickel und Nickelverbindungen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.030 mg/m³

UK

Antimony and compounds except stibine (as Sb)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.5 mg/m³
Arsenic and compounds except arsine (as As)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.1 mg/m³
Cadmium compounds except cadmium oxide fume, cadmium sulphide and cadmium sulphide pigments (as Cd)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.025 mg/m³
Cadmium oxide fume (as Cd)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.025 mg/m³
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.05 mg/m³
Cadmium	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.025 mg/m³
Cobalt compounds (as Co)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.1 mg/m³
Cobalt	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.1 mg/m³
Copper and compounds: dusts and mists (as Cu)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	1 mg/m³
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	2 mg/m³
Copper fume	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.2 mg/m³

Gypsum inhalable dust	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	10 mg/m³
Gypsum respirable dust	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	4 mg/m³
Lead other than lead alkyls	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Occupational exposure limit (Control of lead at work))	0.15 mg/m³
Nickel metal	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.5 mg/m³
Nickel, insoluble inorganic compounds (as Ni)(except nickel tetracarbonyl)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.5 mg/m³

USA (TLV-ACGIH)

Arsenic, inorganic compounds (exept Arsine), as As	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.01 mg/m³
Cadmium, compounds, as Cd	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.002 mg/m³ (R)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.01 mg/m³
Cadmium	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.002 mg/m³ (R)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.01 mg/m³
Calcium sulfate	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	10 mg/m³ (I)
Cobalt, elemental	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.02 mg/m³
Cobalt, inorganic compounds, as Co	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.02 mg/m³
Copper fume	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.2 mg/m³
Copper dust & mists, as Cu	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	1 mg/m³
Lead, inorganic compounds, as Pb	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.05 mg/m³
Nickel Elemental	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	1.5 mg/m³ (I)
Nickel, Insoluble inorganic compounds (NOS), as Ni	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.2 mg/m³ (I)
Zinc oxide	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	2 mg/m³ (R)
	Short time value (TLV - Adopted Value)	10 mg/m³ (R)

(R): Respirable fraction
(I): Inhalable fraction

b) National biological limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

Belgium

Plomb et ses composés ioniques (Lood)	sang	70 µg/100ml	

USA (BEI-ACGIH)

Cadmium and inorganic compounds (cadmium)	Blood: not critical	5 µg/L	
Cadmium and inorganic compounds (Cadmium)	Blood: not critical	5 µg/L	
Cadmium and inorganic compounds (cadmium)	urine: not critical	5 µg/g creatine	
Cadmium and inorganic compounds (Cadmium)	urine: not critical	5 µg/g creatine	
Cobalt and inorganic compounds; Cobalt with Tungsten carbide (Cobalt)	Urine: end of shift at end of workweek	Nonquantitative	
Cobalt and inorganic compounds; including Cobalt oxides but not combined with Tungsten carbide (Cobalt)	Urine: end of shift at end of workweek	15 µg/L	
Cobalt and inorganic compounds (cobalt)	Urine: end of shift at end of workweek	15 µg/L	
Lead and inorganic compounds (Lead)	Blood: not critical	200 µg/L	

8.1.2 Sampling methods

Product name	Test	Number
Antimony	OSHA	ID 121
Antimony	OSHA	ID 125G
Arsenic & Compounds (as As)	NIOSH	7900
Arsenic	OSHA	ID 105
Cadmium & Cpds (as Cd)	NIOSH	7048
Cadmium (Cd)	NIOSH	7302
Cadmium (Cd)	NIOSH	7304
Cadmium (Cd)	NIOSH	7306
Cadmium (Cd)	NIOSH	8005
Cadmium (Cd)	NIOSH	8310
Cadmium (Elements on wipes)	NIOSH	9102
Cadmium (Elements)	NIOSH	7300

Product name	Test	Number
Cadmium (Elements, aqua regia ashing)	NIOSH	7301
Cadmium (Elements, hot block/HCl/HNO3 digestion)	NIOSH	7303
Cadmium Oxide	NIOSH	7048
Cadmium	NIOSH	7048
Cadmium	OSHA	1006
Cadmium	OSHA	ID 105
Cadmium	OSHA	ID 121
Cadmium	OSHA	ID 125G
Cadmium	OSHA	ID 189
Cadmium	OSHA	ID 206
Cobalt & Cpds (as Co)	NIOSH	7027
Cobalt (Co)	NIOSH	7302
Cobalt (Co)	NIOSH	7304
Cobalt (Co)	NIOSH	7306
Cobalt (Co)	NIOSH	8005
Cobalt (Elements on wipes)	NIOSH	9102
Cobalt (Elements)	NIOSH	7300
Cobalt (Elements, aqua regia ashing)	NIOSH	7301
Cobalt (Elements, hot block/HCl/HNO3 digestion)	NIOSH	7303
Cobalt	OSHA	1006
Cobalt	OSHA	ID 121
Cobalt	OSHA	ID 125G
Cobalt	OSHA	ID 213
Copper (Cu)	NIOSH	7302
Copper (Cu)	NIOSH	7304
Copper (Cu)	NIOSH	7306
Copper (Cu)	NIOSH	8005
Copper (Cu)	NIOSH	8310
Copper (Elements on wipes)	NIOSH	9102
Copper (Elements)	NIOSH	7300
Copper (Elements, aqua regia ashing)	NIOSH	7301
Copper (Elements, hot block/HCl/HNO3 digestion)	NIOSH	7303
Copper Dust and fume	NIOSH	7029
Copper	OSHA	1006
Copper	OSHA	ID 105
Copper	OSHA	ID 121
Copper	OSHA	ID 125G
Copper	OSHA	ID 206
Lead	OSHA	ID 121
Lead	OSHA	ID 125G
Nickel (Elements on wipes)	NIOSH	9102
Nickel (Elements)	NIOSH	7300
Nickel (Elements, aqua regia ashing)	NIOSH	7301
Nickel (Elements, hot block/HCl/HNO3 digestion)	NIOSH	7303
Nickel (Ni)	NIOSH	7302
Nickel (Ni)	NIOSH	7304
Nickel (Ni)	NIOSH	7306
Nickel (Ni)	NIOSH	8005
Nickel (Ni)	NIOSH	8310
Nickel	OSHA	1006
Nickel	OSHA	ID 121
Nickel	OSHA	ID 125G
Sulfites, & Sulfates	NIOSH	6004
Tungsten & Cpds (Insol and sol) (as W)	OSHA	ID 213
vary depending upon the compound: Cu2O	NIOSH	7029
Zinc & Cpds (as Zn)	NIOSH	7030
Zinc (Elements on wipes)	NIOSH	9102
Zinc (Elements)	NIOSH	7300
Zinc (Elements, aqua regia ashing)	NIOSH	7301
Zinc (Elements, hot block/HCl/HNO3 digestion)	NIOSH	7303

Product name	Test	Number
Zinc (Zn)	NIOSH	7302
Zinc (Zn)	NIOSH	7304
Zinc (Zn)	NIOSH	8005
Zinc (Zn)	NIOSH	8310
Zinc Oxide	NIOSH	7030
Zinc Oxide	NIOSH	7502
Zinc Oxide	OSHA	ID 121
Zinc Oxide	OSHA	ID 143
Zinc	NIOSH	7030
Zinc	OSHA	1006
Zinc	OSHA	ID 105
Zinc	OSHA	ID 121
Zinc	OSHA	ID 125G

8.1.3 Applicable limit values when using the substance or mixture as intended

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

8.1.4 DNEL/PNEC values

DNEL/DMEL - Workers

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Acute systemic effects inhalation	5082 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	21.17 mg/m³	

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term local effects inhalation	4 µg/m³	

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term local effects inhalation	4 µg/m³	

cadmium sulphate

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	4 µg/m³	

cobalt

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term local effects inhalation	40 µg/m³	

copper

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects dermal	137 mg/kg bw/day	
	Acute systemic effects dermal	273 mg/kg bw/day	

nickel

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	0.05 mg/m³	
	Long-term local effects inhalation	0.05 mg/m³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	11.9 mg/m³	
	Long-term local effects dermal	0.035 mg/cm²	

nickel monoxide

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	0.05 mg/m³	
	Long-term local effects inhalation	0.05 mg/m³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	18.9 mg/m³	
	Long-term local effects dermal	0.012 mg/cm²	

diantimony trioxide

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term local effects inhalation	0.315 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	67 mg/kg bw/day	

zinc

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	5 mg/m³	

zinc oxide

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	5 mg/m³	
	Long-term local effects inhalation	0.5 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	1 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	

DNEL/DMEL - General population

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Acute systemic effects inhalation	3811 mg/m³	
	Acute systemic effects oral	11.4 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	5.29 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	1.52 mg/kg bw/day	

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects oral	1 µg/kg bw/day	

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects oral	1 µg/kg bw/day	

cadmium sulphate

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects oral	1 µg/kg bw/day	

cobalt

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term local effects inhalation	6.3 µg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	29.8 µg/kg bw/day	

copper

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term local effects inhalation	1 mg/m³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	1 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	137 mg/kg bw/day	
	Acute systemic effects dermal	273 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	0.041 mg/kg bw/day	

nickel

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	20 ng/m³	
	Long-term local effects inhalation	20 ng/m³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	0.8 mg/m³	
	Long-term local effects dermal	0.035 mg/cm²	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	0.02 mg/kg bw/day	
	Acute systemic effects oral	12 µg/kg bw/day	

nickel monoxide

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	60 ng/m³	
	Long-term local effects inhalation	60 ng/m³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	1.8 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	0.011 mg/kg bw/day	
	Acute systemic effects oral	0.037 mg/kg bw/day	

diantimony trioxide

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term local effects inhalation	0.095 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	33.5 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	33.5 mg/kg bw/day	

zinc

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects oral	0.83 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	2.5 mg/m³	

zinc oxide

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	2.5 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	0.83 mg/kg bw/day	

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	1.25 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	0.83 mg/kg bw/day	

PNEC

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.19 µg/l	
Marine water	1.14 µg/l	
Fresh water sediment	1.8 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	0.64 mg/kg sediment dw	
STP	20 µg/l	
Soil	0.9 mg/kg soil dw	
Oral	0.16 mg/kg food	

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.19 µg/l	
Marine water	1.14 µg/l	
STP	20 µg/l	
Fresh water sediment	1.8 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	0.64 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	0.9 mg/kg soil dw	
Oral	0.16 mg/kg food	

cadmium sulphate

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.19 µg/l	
Marine water	1.14 µg/l	
STP	20 µg/l	
Fresh water sediment	1.8 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	0.64 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	0.9 mg/kg soil dw	
Food	0.16 mg/kg food	

cobalt

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.6 µg/l	
Marine water	2.36 µg/l	
Fresh water sediment	9.5 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	9.5 mg/kg sediment dw	
STP	0.37 mg/l	
Soil	10.9 mg/kg soil dw	

copper

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	7.8 µg/l	
Marine water	5.2 µg/l	
Fresh water sediment	87 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	676 mg/kg sediment dw	
STP	230 µg/l	
Soil	65 mg/kg soil dw	

copper(II) oxide

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	7.8 µg/l	
Marine water	5.2 µg/l	
STP	230 µg/l	
Fresh water sediment	87 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	676 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	65 mg/kg soil dw	

copper sulphate

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	7.8 µg/l	
Marine water	5.2 µg/l	
STP	230 µg/l	
Fresh water sediment	87 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	676 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	65 mg/kg soil dw	

nickel

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	7.1 µg/l	
Marine water	8.6 µg/l	
Fresh water (intermittent releases)	< 0.01 µg/l	
Marine water (intermittent releases)	< 0.01 µg/l	
STP	0.33 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	109 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	109 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	29.9 mg/kg soil dw	
Oral	0.12 mg/kg food	

nickel monoxide

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	7.1 µg/l	
Marine water	8.6 µg/l	
Fresh water (intermittent releases)	< 0.01 µg/l	
Marine water (intermittent releases)	< 0.01 µg/l	
STP	0.33 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	109 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	109 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	29.9 mg/kg soil dw	
Oral	0.12 mg/kg food	

diantimony trioxide

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.135 mg/l	
Marine water	0.013 mg/l	
STP	3.05 mg/l	
Fresh water	13.4 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water	2.68 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	44.3 mg/kg soil dw	

zinc

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	20.6 µg/l	
Marine water	6.1 µg/l	
STP	100 µg/l	
Fresh water sediment	117.8 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	56.5 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	35.6 mg/kg soil dw	

zinc oxide

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	20.6 µg/l	
Marine water	6.1 µg/l	
STP	100 µg/l	
Fresh water sediment	117.8 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	56.5 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	35.6 mg/kg soil dw	

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	20.6 µg/l	
Marine water	6.1 µg/l	
STP	100 µg/l	
Fresh water sediment	117.8 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	56.5 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	35.6 mg/kg soil dw	

8.1.5 Control banding

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

8.2. Exposure controls

The information in this section is a general description. If available, the documentation for isolated intermediates will be attached in annex to support safe handling arrangements.

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid raising dust. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work.

a) Respiratory protection:

Dust production: dust mask with filter type P3. High dust production: self-contained breathing apparatus.

b) Hand protection:

Protective gloves against chemicals (EN374).

- materials (good resistance)

Butyl rubber, PVC, nitrile rubber, neoprene.

c) Eye protection:

Face shield. In case of dust production: protective goggles.

d) Skin protection:

Protective clothing. In case of dust production: head/neck protection. In case of dust production: dustproof clothing.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

See headings 6.2, 6.3 and 13

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical form	Solid
	Powder
Odour	Odourless
Odour threshold	Not applicable
Colour	Grey
Particle size	No data available
Explosion limits	Not applicable
Flammability	Non-flammable
Log Kow	Not applicable (inorganic)
Dynamic viscosity	Not applicable
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable
Melting point	71 °C ; 1013 hPa
Boiling point	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Relative vapour density	Not applicable
Vapour pressure	Not applicable
Solubility	Water ; insoluble
Relative density	3.39 ; 20 °C
Decomposition temperature	> 71 °C

Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Flash point	Not applicable
Explosive properties	No chemical group associated with explosive properties
Oxidising properties	No chemical group associated with oxidising properties
pH	No data available

9.2. Other information

Absolute density	3390 kg/m³

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

No data available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Precautionary measures

Avoid raising dust. Keep away from naked flames/heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, (strong) acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (sulphur oxides) and formation of metallic fumes.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Test results

Acute toxicity

Cobalt Nickel cement

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Other	67 mg/kg bw	8 day(s)	Rat (female)	Read-across	
Oral	LD50	Other	225 mg/kg bw	14 day(s)	Rat (male)	Read-across	

tricopper arsenide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral			category 3			Annex VI	
Inhalation			category 3			Annex VI	

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	OECD 420	> 2000 mg/kg bw		Rat (female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (dust)	LC50	OECD 403	> 3.26 mg/l air	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50		2330 mg/kg		Rat	Experimental value	
Dermal						Data waiving	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50		0.056 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Read-across	

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50		2330 mg/kg bw		Rat	Read-across	
Dermal						Data waiving	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50		0.056 mg/l(Cd 2+)	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Read-across	

cadmium sulphate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50		225 mg/kg bw		Rat (male)	Read-across	
Dermal						Data waiving	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50		0.056 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Read-across	

cobalt

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	OECD 425	550 mg/kg bw		Rat (female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (dust)	LC50	OECD 436	≤ 0.05 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

Classification of this substance according to Annex VI is debatable as it does not correspond to the conclusion from the test

cobalt oxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 401	202 mg/kg		Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

copper(II) oxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	OECD 423	> 2000 mg/kg		Rat (male)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50		> 2000 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

copper sulphate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	OECD 401	481 mg/kg		Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg	24 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation						Data waiving	

nickel

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 401	> 9000 mg/kg		Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Dermal						Data waiving	
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEC		≥ 10.2 mg/l	1 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

nickel monoxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 425	9990 mg/kg bw		Rat (female)	Experimental value	
Dermal						Data waiving	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50	OECD 403	> 5.08 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

lead(II)sulphate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral			category 4			Annex VI	
Inhalation			category 4			Annex VI	

diantimony trioxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50		> 20000 mg/kg		Rat	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50		> 8300 mg/kg bw		Rabbit	Experimental value	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50	OECD 403	> 5.2 mg/l air	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

zinc

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 401	> 2000 mg/kg bw		Rat	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw	24 weeks (daily, 5 days/week)	Rat	Read-across	
Inhalation	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 403	> 5.41 mg/l	4 weeks (daily, 5 days/week)	Rat	Experimental value	
Inhalation (ZnO, metallic fume)	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 403	> 5.7 mg/l	4 weeks (daily, 5 days/week)	Rat	Experimental value	

zinc oxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg		Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (dust)	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 403	> 5.7 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	OECD 401	1710 mg/kg bw		Rat (male)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (aerosol)	Dose without effect		8.3 mg/m³ air	4 h	Dog (male/female)	Experimental value	

Conclusion

Harmful if swallowed.

Toxic if inhaled.

Not classified as acute toxic in contact with skin

Corrosion/irritation

Cobalt Nickel cement

No (test)data available

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Not irritating	OECD 405		72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Not irritating	OECD 404	4 h	72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye						Data waiving	
Skin						Data waiving	

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye						Data waiving	
Skin						Data waiving	

cadmium sulphate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye						Data waiving	
Skin						Data waiving	

cobalt

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Irritating	OECD 405		24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Not applicable (in vitro test)	Not irritating	EU Method B.46	15 minutes	15 minutes	Reconstructed human epidermis	Experimental value	

Classification of this substance according to Annex VI is debatable as it does not correspond to the conclusion from the test

copper(II) oxide

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Slightly irritating	OECD 405	72 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Not irritating	OECD 404	4 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

copper sulphate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Highly irritating	OECD 405	21 day(s)	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Not irritating	OECD 404	4 h		Rabbit	Read-across	Hydrate form
Skin	category 2					Annex VI	

Classification and labelling do not correspond to those of Annex VI

nickel

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Not irritating	OECD 405	168 h	48 hours	Rabbit	Read-across	
Skin	Slightly irritating	OECD 404	4 h		Rabbit	Experimental value	

nickel monoxide

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Slightly irritating	OECD 405		1; 24; 48; 72; 168 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Slightly irritating	OECD 404	4 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

diantimony trioxide

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Not irritating	OECD 405		24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Not irritating		1 week(s)		Rabbit	Experimental value	

zinc

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Moderately irritating	Equivalent to OECD 405			Rabbit	Experimental value	
Eye	Not irritating	Equivalent to OECD 405			Rabbit	Experimental value	
Dermal	Not irritating	Equivalent to OECD 404			Rabbit	Weight of evidence	
Dermal (ZnO, metallic fume)	Not irritating	Equivalent to OECD 404			Guinea pig	Read-across	
Dermal	Not irritating	Human observation			Human	Read-across	
Dermal (ZnO, metallic fume)	Not irritating	Human observation			Human	Literature	
Inhalation (ZnO, metallic fume)	Not irritating					Literature	

zinc oxide

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Not irritating	OECD 405	24 h	24; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Not irritating	OECD 404	24 h	24 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Not applicable (in vitro test)	Not corrosive	OECD 431	3 minutes	24; 72 hours	Reconstructed human epidermis	Experimental value	

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Serious eye damage	OECD 405	21 days (continuous)	1; 24; 48; 72 hrs; 7; 14; 21 days	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Not irritating	OECD 404	4 h	1; 24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

Conclusion

Causes serious eye damage.

Not classified as irritating to the respiratory system

Not classified as irritating to the skin

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Cobalt Nickel cement

No (test)data available

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	OECD 406	6 h	24; 48 hours	Guinea pig (male)	Experimental value	

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin						Data waiving	
Inhalation						Data waiving	

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin						Data waiving	
Inhalation						Data waiving	

cadmium sulphate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin						Data waiving	
Inhalation						Data waiving	

cobalt

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Sensitizing	Equivalent to OECD 406		24; 48 hours	Guinea pig (female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation	Sensitizing; category 1					Annex VI	

cobalt oxide

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Sensitizing	OECD 429			Mouse (female)	Experimental value	

copper(II) oxide

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	OECD 406			Guinea pig (male/female)	Experimental value	

copper sulphate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	OECD 406		24; 48 hours	Guinea pig (male/female)	Experimental value	

nickel

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Sensitizing	Human observation			Human	Experimental value	

nickel monoxide

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Intradermal	Not sensitizing	OECD 406		24; 48 hours	Guinea pig (female)	Experimental value	
Skin	category 1					Annex VI	

diantimony trioxide

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	OECD 406		48; 72 hours	Guinea pig (female)	Experimental value	

zinc

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Dermal	Negative	Equivalent to OECD 429			Mouse	Read-across	
Dermal (ZnO, metallic fume)	Negative	Guinea pig maximisation test			Guinea pig	Experimental value	
Dermal (ZnO, metallic fume)	Negative	Human observation			Human		
Inhalation	Negative					Inconclusive, insufficient data	

zinc oxide

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	OECD 406			Guinea pig (female)	Experimental value	
Skin	Not sensitizing	Human observation	2 days (continuous)	72 hours	Human	Experimental value	

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing				Mouse (female)	Experimental value	

Conclusion

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Specific target organ toxicity

Cobalt Nickel cement

No (test)data available

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral	NOAEL	OECD 422	100 mg/kg bw/day	Blood	No effect	35 day(s)	Rat (male)	Experimental value
Oral	LOAEL	OECD 422	300 mg/kg bw/day	Blood	Change in the haemogramme/ blood composition	35 day(s)	Guinea pig (male)	Experimental value

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (diet)	NOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test	3 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	3 month(s)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (aerosol)	LOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test	25 µg/m³	Respiratory tract	Histology	90 day(s)	Rat (female)	Experimental value

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (diet)	NOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test	3 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	3 month(s)	Rat (male/female)	Read-across
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 413	0.025 mg/m³ air	Respiratory tract	Overall effects	13 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value
Inhalation (aerosol)	LOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 413	0.05 mg/m³ air	Lungs	Overall effects	13 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value

cadmium sulphate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Unknown			STOT RE cat.1					Annex VI
Dermal								Data waiving

cobalt

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (stomach tube)	NOAEL	OECD 408	3 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	90 days (1x/day)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 412				2 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value

copper(II) oxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (diet)	NOAEL	Subacute toxicity test	23 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	15 day(s)	Rat (male/female)	Read-across
Oral (diet)	NOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test	< 165 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	15 week(s)	Rat (male)	Read-across
Dermal	NOAEL	OECD 410	1000 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	3 week(s)	Rabbit (male/female)	Read-across
Inhalation (aerosol)	Dose level	OECD 412	2 mg/m³ air		No effect	4 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Read-across

copper sulphate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (diet)	NOAEL	Equivalent to EU Method B.26	1000 ppm		No effect	13 weeks (7 days/week)	Mouse (male/female)	Experimental value
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEL	OECD 412	≥ 2 mg/m³ air	Lungs	No effect	4 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value

nickel

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (stomach tube)	NOAEL	OECD 451	2.2 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	104 weeks (daily)	Rat (male/female)	Read-across
Oral (stomach tube)	LOAEL	OECD 451	6.7 mg/kg bw/day	General	Body weight reduction	104 weeks (daily)	Rat (male/female)	Read-across
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (aerosol)	LOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 451	0.1 mg/m³ air	Respiratory tract	Respiratory difficulties	2 year(s) (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value

nickel monoxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (stomach tube)	NOAEL	OECD 451	2.2 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	104 weeks (daily)	Rat (male/female)	Read-across
Oral (stomach tube)	LOAEL	OECD 451	6.7 mg/kg bw/day	General	Loss of weight	104 weeks (daily)	Rat (male/female)	Read-across
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOEC	Equivalent to OECD 413	2 mg/m³	Lungs	Pneumonia	13 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value

lead(II)sulphate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Unknown			STOT RE cat.2					Annex VI
Oral (diet)	Dose level		500 ppm	Blood	Change in the haemogramme/ blood composition	7 weeks (daily)	Bovine (male)	Experimental value

diantimony trioxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (diet)	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 408	1879 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	90 day(s)	Rat (female)	Experimental value
Oral (diet)	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 408	1686 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	90 day(s)	Rat (male)	Experimental value
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (dust)	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 452	≥ 0.51 mg/m³ air		No effect	52 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value
Inhalation (dust)	LOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 452	≥ 4.5 mg/m³ air	Lungs	Lung tissue affection/degeneration	52 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value

zinc

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 408	13.3 mg/kg bw/day	Blood	No effect	90 weeks (daily, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Read-across
Oral	NOAEL	Human observation study	50 mg/kg bw/day		No effect		Human (male/female)	Weight of evidence
Inhalation (ZnO, metallic fume)	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 409	2.7 mg/m³	Lungs	No effect	5 day(s)	Guinea pig	Experimental value
Inhalation (ZnO, metallic fume)		Human observation		General	No effect		Human	Literature study

zinc oxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (diet)	NOEL	OECD 408	3000 ppm		No effect	13 weeks (daily)	Rat (male/female)	Read-across
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEL	OECD 413	1.5 mg/m³ air		No effect	13 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male)	Experimental value

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (diet)	NOEL	OECD 408	234 mg/kg bw/day - 243 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	13 weeks (daily)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test			No effect	16 weeks (6h/day, 3 days/week)	Rat (male)	Experimental value

Conclusion

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed and if inhaled.

Mutagenicity (in vitro)

Cobalt Nickel cement

No (test)data available

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)	No effect	Experimental value
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 471	Escherichia coli	No effect	Experimental value
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 476	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)	No effect	Experimental value

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Read-across
Positive	Equivalent to OECD 473	Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)	Chromosome aberrations	Read-across

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Positive	Equivalent to OECD 473	Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)	Chromosome aberrations	Experimental value
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Experimental value

cadmium sulphate

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Positive	Other	Human lung fibroblasts		Experimental value
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Ames test	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Read-across

cobalt

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Experimental value
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 476	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)		Experimental value

copper(II) oxide

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Read-across

copper sulphate

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Experimental value

nickel monoxide

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 476	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)	No effect	Experimental value

lead(II)sulphate

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Ames test	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Experimental value

diantimony trioxide

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Positive with metabolic activation, positive without metabolic activation	OECD 473	Human lymphocytes		Experimental value
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)	No effect	Experimental value
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 476	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)	No effect	Experimental value

zinc

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative	OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Read-across

zinc oxide

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)	No effect	Experimental value

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Ames test	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Experimental value

Mutagenicity (in vivo)

Cobalt Nickel cement

No (test)data available

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative	OECD 474		Mouse (male)	Blood	Experimental value

cadmium sulphate

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Positive					Annex VI

cobalt

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative (Inhalation (dust))	Equivalent to OECD 474	13 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Mouse (male/female)		Experimental value

copper(II) oxide

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative (Oral (stomach tube))	OECD 474	2 dose(s)/24-hour interval	Mouse (male/female)	Bone marrow	Read-across

copper sulphate

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative	EU Method B.12		Mouse (male/female)		Experimental value

nickel monoxide

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Positive			Rat	Lungs	Experimental value

diantimony trioxide

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative (Oral (stomach tube))	OECD 474		Mouse (male/female)		Experimental value

zinc

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative	Equivalent to OECD 474		Rat		Read-across

The chronic toxicity of the component(s) relates only to the substance in finely divided state and/or in molten state

zinc oxide

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative	OECD 474		Mouse (male)	Bone marrow	Experimental value

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative	Micronucleus test	2 dose(s)/24-hour interval	Mouse (male/female)		Experimental value

Conclusion

May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Cobalt Nickel cement

No (test)data available

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Oral	NOAEL	Other	256 mg/kg bw/day	104 week(s)	Rat (male)	No effect		Experimental value
Oral	NOAEL	Other	284 mg/kg bw/day	104 week(s)	Rat (female)	No effect		Experimental value

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Unknown			category 1B					Annex VI

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Inhalation (aerosol)	LOAEL	Carcinogenic toxicity study	0.03 mg/m³ air	18 month(s)	Rat (male/female)	Tumor formation	Lungs	Experimental value

cadmium sulphate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Inhalation (aerosol)	LOAEL	Carcinogenic toxicity study	0.09 mg/m³ air	18 months (daily, 22h/day)	Rat (male/female)	Tumor formation	Lungs	Experimental value

cobalt

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Inhalation (aerosol)	LOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 451	1.24 mg/m³ air	105 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Carcinogenicity		Experimental value

copper(II) oxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Oral (diet)	Dose level	Carcinogenic toxicity study	3000 ppm	52 week(s)	Rat (male)	No carcinogenic effect		Read-across

nickel

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEC	OECD 451	0.4 mg/m³ air	2 year(s) (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	No carcinogenic effect	Respiratory tract	Experimental value
Oral	NOAEL	OECD 451	11 mg/kg bw/day	104 weeks (daily)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Read-across

nickel monoxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Inhalation (aerosol)	Dose level	Equivalent to OECD 453	0.62 mg/m³ air	104 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Neoplastic effects	Lungs	Experimental value

diantimony trioxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Inhalation (dust)	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 451	> 4.5 mg/m³ air	52 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	No carcinogenic effect		Experimental value

zinc

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Oral		Other		51 weeks (daily, 5 days/week)	Rat	No neoplastic effects	General	Literature study
Oral		Human observation study		204 weeks (daily, 5 days/week)	Human	No neoplastic effects	General	Literature study

The chronic toxicity of the component(s) relates only to the substance in finely divided state and/or in molten state

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Oral (drinking water)	NOAEL	Carcinogenic toxicity study	> 22000 mg/l	52 weeks (daily)	Mouse (male/female)	No carcinogenic effect		Experimental value

Conclusion

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Cobalt Nickel cement

No (test)data available

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	1600 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Mouse	No effect	General	Experimental value
	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	1600 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	No effect	General	Experimental value
	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	1600 mg/kg bw/day	13 day(s)	Rabbit	No effect	General	Experimental value
Effects on fertility	NOAEL	OECD 422	1000 mg/kg bw/day	2 week(s)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Inhalation (dust))	NOAEL	OECD 414	0.5 mg/m³ air	16 days (gestation, daily)	Rat (male/female)			Read-across
	LOAEL	OECD 414	2 mg/m³ air	16 days (gestation, daily)	Rat (male/female)	Fetotoxicity		Read-across
Maternal toxicity (Inhalation)	NOAEL	OECD 414	0.5 mg/m³ air	16 days (gestation, daily)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Read-across
	LOAEL	OECD 414	2 mg/m³ air	16 days (gestation, daily)	Rat (male/female)	Maternal toxicity		Read-across
Effects on fertility (Inhalation (dust))	LOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 408	1 mg/m³ air	20 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (female)	Prolonged oestrus stages		Read-across

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Inhalation)	NOAEL	OECD 414	0.5 mg/m³ air	16 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
	LOAEL	OECD 414	2 mg/m³ air	16 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	Reduced skeletal ossification		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity (Inhalation)	NOAEL	OECD 414	0.5 mg/m³ air	16 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
	LOAEL	OECD 414	2 mg/m³ air	16 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	Weight changes	Liver; kidney	Experimental value
Effects on fertility (Inhalation (aerosol))	LOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 413	1 mg/m³ air	13 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (female)	Prolonged oestrus stages		Experimental value
	LOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 413	1 mg/m³ air	13 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male)	Adverse effect on sperm		Experimental value
	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 413	0.1 mg/m³ air	13 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value

cadmium sulphate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Oral (drinking water))	NOAEL	Developmental toxicity study	5 ppm	14 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	No effect		Read-across
	LOAEL	Developmental toxicity study	50 ppm	14 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	Fetotoxicity	Foetus	Read-across
Maternal toxicity (Oral (drinking water))	NOAEL	Developmental toxicity study	5 ppm	14 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	No effect		Read-across
	LOAEL	Developmental toxicity study	50 ppm	14 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	Histopathology	Liver; kidney	Read-across
Effects on fertility (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL		1 mg/kg bw/day	9 weeks (daily)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Read-across
	LOAEL		10 mg/kg bw/day	9 weeks (daily)	Rat (female)	Reduction in the number of pregnancies		Read-across

cobalt

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	OECD 414	100 mg/kg bw/day	14 days (1x/day)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	OECD 414	25 mg/kg bw/day	14 days (1x/day)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	OECD 408	30 mg/kg bw/day	90 days (1x/day)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value

copper(II) oxide

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	Dose level	OECD 414	18 mg/kg bw/day		Rabbit	No effect		Read-across
Maternal toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	Dose level	OECD 414	18 mg/kg bw/day		Rabbit (female)	No effect		Read-across
Effects on fertility (Oral)	Dose level	OECD 416	1500 ppm		Rat (male/female)	No effect		Read-across

copper sulphate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	NOAEL	OECD 414	6 mg/kg bw/day	21 days (gestation, daily)	Rabbit	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity	NOAEL	OECD 414	6 mg/kg bw/day	21 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility	NOAEL	EPA OPPTS 870.3800	1000 ppm - 15000 ppm		Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value

nickel

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 416	≥ 1.1 mg/kg bw/day		Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 416	10 mg/kg bw/day		Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 416	10 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value

nickel monoxide

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Oral (drinking water))	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 414	42 mg/kg bw/day		Rat	Embryotoxicity		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity (Oral (drinking water))	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	6 mg/kg bw/day		Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 415	75 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male/female)	Adverse effects on fertility		Read-across

lead(II)sulphate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity			category 1A					Annex VI
Effects on fertility			category 2					Annex VI

diantimony trioxide

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Inhalation (dust))	NOEC	OECD 414	6.3 mg/m³ air	20 days (6h/day)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity (Inhalation (dust))	LOAEC	OECD 414	2.6 mg/m³ air	20 days (6h/day)	Rat	Weight gain	Lungs	Experimental value
Effects on fertility (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL		1879 mg/kg bw/day	90 day(s)	Rat (female)	No effect	Female reproductive organ	Experimental value
	NOAEL		1686 mg/kg bw/day	90 day(s)	Rat (male)	No effect	Male reproductive organ	Experimental value

zinc

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity		Human observation			Human (female)	No effect		Experimental value
	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 416	200 mg/kg bw/day	1 days (gestation, daily) - 18 days (gestation, daily)	Rat (female)	No effect		Weight of evidence
Effects on fertility		Human observation			Human (female)	No adverse systemic effects		Experimental value
	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 406	200 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male/female)	No effect		Weight of evidence

The chronic toxicity of the component(s) relates only to the substance in finely divided state and/or in molten state

zinc oxide

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	NOAEC	OECD 414	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	14 days (6h/day)	Rat	No effect	Foetus	Experimental value
Maternal toxicity	NOAEC	OECD 414	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	14 days (6h/day)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility	NOAEL (F1)	Equivalent to OECD 416	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	22 weeks (daily)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Read-across

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	Developmental toxicity study	42.5 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	Other	42.5 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility (Oral (diet))	Dose level		4000 ppm		Rat (male)	Adverse effect on sperm	Reproductive organs	Experimental value

Conclusion

May damage fertility.

May damage the unborn child.

Toxicity other effects

Cobalt Nickel cement

No (test)data available

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

REACH: Candidate List

Endocrine disrupting properties (Article 57(f) - human health)

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

REACH: Candidate List

Endocrine disrupting properties (Article 57(f) - human health)

cadmium sulphate

REACH: Candidate List

Endocrine disrupting properties (Article 57(f) - human health)

Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Cobalt Nickel cement

Skin rash/inflammation. ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Respiratory difficulties. Risk of pneumonia. Affection of the renal tissue. Change in urine composition. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Affection/discolouration of the teeth. Slowing ossification.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Cobalt Nickel cement

No (test)data available

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50		2980 mg/l	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus			Anhydrous form

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50		0.748 mg/l	96 h	Carassius auratus	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across; Nominal concentration
Acute toxicity crustacea	LC50	EPA 600/4-78-012	38 µg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Lethal
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EC0		0.009 mg/l	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum			Literature study; Cadmium ion
	ErC50	OECD 201	0.070 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Long-term toxicity fish	NOEC		8 µg/l	10 day(s)	Salvelinus fontinalis	Static renewal	Fresh water	Experimental value; Survival
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC		2 µg/l	33 day(s)	Americamysis bahia	Flow-through system	Salt water	Read-across; Growth

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50		748 µg/l	4 day(s)	Carassius auratus	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across; Nominal concentration
Acute toxicity crustacea	LC50	ASTM E729-80	36 µg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Lethal
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	ErC50	OECD 201	18 µg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
	NOEC	OECD 201	2.4 µg/l	3 day(s)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Cell numbers
Long-term toxicity fish	NOEC		1.3 µg/l	27 day(s)	Oncorhynchus kisutch	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across; Biomass
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC	ASTM	0.8 µg/l	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across; Reproduction
Toxicity aquatic micro-organisms	NOEC	OECD 209	353 µg/l	3 h	Activated sludge	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP

cadmium sulphate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50		1500 µg/l	4 day(s)	Pimephales promelas	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across; Nominal concentration
Acute toxicity crustacea	LC50	US EPA	38 µg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Fresh weight
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EC50	OECD 201	23 µg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Biomass
	NOEC	OECD 201	2.4 µg/l	3 day(s)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Cell numbers
Long-term toxicity fish	NOEC		0.47 µg/l	46 day(s)	Salmo salar	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Biomass
	NOEC		10 µg/l	14 day(s)	Atherinops affinis	Semi-static system	Salt water	Read-across; Growth rate
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC		10 µg/l	7 day(s)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Static renewal	Fresh water	Read-across; Reproduction
Toxicity aquatic micro-organisms	NOEC	OECD 209	200 µg/l	3 h	Activated sludge	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP

cobalt

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	NOEC	OECD 203	100 mg/l	96 h	Danio rerio	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50	OECD 202	> 100 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Locomotor effect

cobalt oxide

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	NOEC	OECD 203	> 136 mg/l	96 h	Danio rerio	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EC50	OECD 201	0.144 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across

copper

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50		38.4 µg/l - 256.2 µg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50	US EPA	3.8 µg/l - 118.5 µg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Weight of evidence
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	NOEC	ISO 10253	7.54 µg/l	72 h	Skeletonema costatum	Static system	Salt water	Weight of evidence; GLP
Long-term toxicity fish	NOEC	Equivalent to OECD 210	16 µg/l	78 day(s)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Weight of evidence; Growth rate
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC		4 µg/l	7 day(s)	Ceriodaphnia sp.	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Weight of evidence

copper(II) oxide

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	APHA	0.093 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Weight of evidence
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50	OECD 202	0.109 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Weight of evidence
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EC50	OECD 201	0.047 mg/l	96 h	Chlamydomonas reinhardtii	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Weight of evidence
Long-term toxicity fish	NOEC	OECD 204	0.024 mg/l	61 day(s)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Weight of evidence
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC	Other	0.0126 mg/l	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna		Fresh water	Weight of evidence

Classification of this substance according to Annex VI is debatable as it does not correspond to the conclusion from the test

copper sulphate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	EPA method, Equivalent to OECD 203	0.193 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across
	LC50		136.5 µg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50	OECD 202	0.117 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	
	EC50	OECD 202	100 µg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	ErC50	OECD 201	0.047 mg/l	96 h	Chlamydomonas eugametos	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Weight of evidence
	EC10	OECD 201	2.9 µg/l	72 h	Phaeodactylum	Static system	Salt water	Experimental value
Long-term toxicity fish	NOEC	OECD 204	33 µg/l	330 day(s)	Pimephales promelas	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC	OECD 202	6.3 µg/l	7 day(s)	Ceriodaphnia sp.	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value

lead(II)sulphate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	TLm		7.48 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas			Literature study; Lead ion
Acute toxicity crustacea	LC50		0.3 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna			Literature study; Lead ion
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EC50		0.14 mg/l		Selenastrum capricornutum			Literature study; Lead ion

zinc

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	ASTM	0.169 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across
	LC50	Other	0.330 mg/l - 0.780 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Static system		Read-across
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50	US EPA	0.413 mg/l	48 h	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
	EC50	Equivalent to OECD 202	0.530 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across
	EC50	Other	0.095 mg/l - 0.530 mg/l	48 h	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across
	NOEC	Other	201 mg/kg sediment dw	35 day(s)	Gammarus pulex	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Read-across
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	IC50	OECD 201	0.136 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
	EC10	Other	0.0077 mg/l	7 day(s)	Ceramium tenuicore	Static system	Salt water	Experimental value
	EC10	Other	0.6708 mg/l	10 day(s)	Algae	Flow-through system	Salt water	Read-across
Acute toxicity other aquatic organisms	NOEC	ASTM	1135 mg/kg sediment dw	28 day(s)	Tubifex tubifex	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across
	NOEC	Other	0.400 mg/l	10 week(s)	Dreissena polymorpha	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across
Long-term toxicity fish	NOEC	Other	0.440 mg/l	72 day(s)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across
	NOEC	Other	0.530 mg/l	36 month(s)	Salvelinus fontinalis	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across
	NOEC	Other	0.025 mg/l	27 day(s)	Clupea harengus	Semi-static system	Salt water	Read-across
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC	Other	0.037 mg/l	3 week(s)	Daphnia magna	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Read-across
	NOEC	US EPA	0.0056 mg/l	24 day(s)	Invertebrata	Semi-static system	Salt water	Read-across
Toxicity aquatic micro-organisms	EC50	Equivalent to OECD 209	5.2 mg/l	3 h		Static system	Fresh water	Read-across

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
Toxicity soil macro-organisms	NOEC	Other	1634 mg/kg soil dw	42 day(s)	Lumbricus terrestris	Read-across
	EC10	OECD 220	35.7 mg/kg soil dw	42 day(s)	Enchytraeus albidus	Read-across
Toxicity soil micro-organisms	NOEC	Other	17 mg/kg soil dw	12 week(s)	Soil micro-organisms	Read-across
	EC10	Other	2623 mg/kg soil dw	6 week(s)	Soil micro-organisms	Read-across
Toxicity terrestrial plants	EC10	OECD 208	5855 mg/kg soil dw	21 day(s)	Triticum aestivum	Read-across
	NOEC	OECD 208	32 mg/kg soil dw	25 day(s)	Triticum pratense	Read-across
Toxicity birds	NOEC	Other	> 150 mg/kg bw	28 day(s)	Anas plathyrhynchos	Experimental value

zinc oxide

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	ASTM E729-88	0.169 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Zinc ion
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50	OECD 202	1 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Zinc ion
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	IC50	OECD 201	0.136 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Zinc ion
	NOEC	OECD 201	0.024 mg/l	3 day(s)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Zinc ion
Long-term toxicity fish	NOEC	OECD 215	0.039 mg/l	30 day(s)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across; Zinc ion
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC	OECD 211	0.04 mg/l	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Zinc ion
Toxicity aquatic micro-organisms	EC50	OECD 209	> 1000 mg/l	3 h	Activated sludge	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	Other	330 µg/l	95 h	Pimephales promelas	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50	OECD 202	1.4 mg/l - 2.5 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	IC50	OECD 201	136 µg/l	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Growth rate
	NOEC	OECD 201	24 µg/l	3 day(s)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Growth rate
Long-term toxicity fish	NOEC	OECD 210	56 µg/l	116 day(s)	Salmo trutta	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC	EPA 600/R-95-136	31.8 µg/l	7 day(s)	Mysidacea	Semi-static system	Salt water	Experimental value

Conclusion

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
			Data waiving

Biodegradation soil

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
			Data waiving

cadmium sulphate

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
			Data waiving

Biodegradation soil

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
			Data waiving

copper

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
			Data waiving

Phototransformation air (DT50 air)

Method	Value	Conc. OH-radicals	Value determination
			Data waiving

Biodegradation soil

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
			Data waiving

Half-life water (t1/2 water)

Method	Value	Primary degradation/mineralisation	Value determination
			Data waiving

copper sulphate

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
			Data waiving

Conclusion

Biodegradability: not applicable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Cobalt Nickel cement

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	Not applicable (inorganic)			

tricopper arsenide

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

BCF fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		1385; Fresh weight	92 day(s)	Salmo salar	Read-across

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

cadmium sulphate

BCF fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		1385; Fresh weight	92 day(s)	Salmo salar	Read-across

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

cobalt

BCF fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		< 10		Pisces	Literature study

BCF other aquatic organisms

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		< 300		Invertebrata	Literature study

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

cobalt oxide

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

copper

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

copper(II) oxide

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
		1.43		Estimated value

copper sulphate

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
				Not applicable

nickel

BCF other aquatic organisms

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		8 - 45; Fresh weight	≤ 4 week(s)	Cambarus sp.	Experimental value

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

nickel monoxide

BCF fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		0.8 - 4; Cinetic	180 day(s)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Experimental value

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

lead(II)sulphate

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
		1.13		Estimated value

diantimony trioxide

BCF other aquatic organisms

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		5.6 l/kg; Fresh weight	17 day(s)	Hyalella azteca	Weight of evidence

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

zinc

BCF fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
		Not applicable			

BCF other aquatic organisms

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
		Not applicable			

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	Not applicable			

zinc oxide

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
		1.53		Estimated value

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

BCF fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		59 - 242; Test duration: 8 weeks		Cyprinus carpio	

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

Conclusion

Contains bioaccumulative component(s)

12.4. Mobility in soil

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

(log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
			Data waiving

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

(log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
			Data waiving

cadmium sulphate

(log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
			Data waiving

zinc oxide

(log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
log Koc		2.2	Literature study

Conclusion

No (test)data on mobility of the components available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The criteria of PBT and vPvB as listed in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 do not apply to inorganic substances.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Cobalt Nickel cement

Fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Not included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (IPCC)

Not included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009)

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

cadmium sulphate

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

cobalt

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

copper sulphate

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

zinc oxide

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If available, the documentation for isolated intermediates will be attached in annex to support safe handling arrangements.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

European Union

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997.
Waste material code (Directive 2008/98/EC, Decision 2000/0532/EC).
06 03 13* (wastes from the MFSU of salts and their solutions and metallic oxides: solid salts and solutions containing heavy metals). Depending on branch of industry and production process, also other waste codes may be applicable.

13.1.2 Disposal methods

Recycle/reuse. Precipitate/make insoluble. Remove to an authorized dump (Class I). Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Do not discharge into surface water (Directive 2000/60/EC, Council Decision 2455/2001/EC).

13.1.3 Packaging/Container

European Union

Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC).
15 01 10* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

SECTION 14: Transport information

Road (ADR)

14.1. UN number

UN number	3288

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name	Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (cadmium (non-pyrophoric))

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Hazard identification number	60
Class	6.1

Classification code	T5

14.4. Packing group

Packing group	III
Labels	6.1

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special provisions	274
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 kg per inner packaging for solids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)

Rail (RID)

14.1. UN number

UN number	3288

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name	Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (cadmium (non-pyrophoric))

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Hazard identification number	60
Class	6.1
Classification code	T5

14.4. Packing group

Packing group	III
Labels	6.1

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special provisions	274
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 kg per inner packaging for solids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)

Inland waterways (ADN)

14.1. UN number

UN number	3288

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name	Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (cadmium (non-pyrophoric))

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class	6.1
Classification code	T5

14.4. Packing group

Packing group	III
Labels	6.1

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special provisions	274
Special provisions	802
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 kg per inner packaging for solids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)

Sea (IMDG/IMSBC)

14.1. UN number

UN number	3288

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name	Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (cadmium (non-pyrophoric))

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class	6.1

14.4. Packing group

Packing group	III
Labels	6.1

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant	P
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special provisions	223
Special provisions	274
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 kg per inner packaging for solids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	Not applicable

Air (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number

UN number	3288

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name	Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (cadmium (non-pyrophoric))

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class	6.1

14.4. Packing group

Packing group	III
Labels	6.1

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special provisions	A3
Special provisions	A5
Limited quantities: maximum net quantity per packaging	10 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European legislation:

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

VOC content	Remark
	Not applicable (inorganic)

European drinking water standards (Directive 98/83/EC)

tricopper arsenide

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Arsenic	10 µg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part B, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.
Copper	2 mg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part B, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Sulphate	250 mg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part C, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Cadmium	5 µg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part B, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Cadmium	5 µg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part B, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

cadmium sulphate

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Cadmium	5 µg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part B, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.
Sulphate	250 mg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part C, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

copper

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Copper	2 mg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part B, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

copper(II) oxide

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Copper	2 mg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part B, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

copper sulphate

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Copper	2 mg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part B, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.
Sulphate	250 mg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part C, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

nickel monoxide

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Nickel	20 µg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part B, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

lead(II)sulphate

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Lead	10 µg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part B, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.
Sulphate	250 mg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part C, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

diantimony trioxide

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Antimony	5 µg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part B, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

Parameter	Parametric value	Note	Reference
Sulphate	250 mg/l		Listed in Annex I, Part C, of Directive 98/83/EC on the quality of water intended for human consumption.

REACH registration

This substance is handled under Strictly Controlled Conditions in accordance with Reach regulation Article 17(3) for on-site isolated intermediates and, in case the substance is transported to other sites for further processing, the substance should be handled at these sites under Strictly Controlled Conditions as specified in Reach regulation Article 18(4). Site documentation to support safe handling arrangements including the selection of engineering, administrative and personal protective equipment controls in accordance with risk based management systems is available at each manufacturing site. Written confirmation of application of Strictly Controlled Conditions should be available at the premises of every affected Distributor and Downstream Processor/User of the Registrants' intermediate.

Information exposure scenarios

This safety data sheet does not contain an exposure scenario; exempted as (isolated) intermediate

REACH Candidate list

Contains component(s) included in candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for authorisation (Article 59 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006)

REACH Annex XVII - Restriction

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

	Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
· lead(II)sulphate	Lead sulphates; PbSO 4	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures, where the substance or mixture is intended for use as paint. However, Member States may, in accordance with the provisions of International Labour Organization (ILO) Convention 13, permit the use on their territory of the substance or mixture for the restoration and maintenance of works of art and historic buildings and their interiors, as well as the placing on the market for such use. Where a Member State makes use of this derogation, it shall inform the Commission thereof.
· tricopper arsenide	Arsenic compounds	1.Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for use to prevent the fouling by micro-organisms, plants or animals of: — the hulls of boats, — cages, floats, nets and any other appliances or equipment used for fish or shellfish farming, — any totally or partly submerged appliances or equipment. 2. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for use in the treatment of industrial waters, irrespective of their use. 3. Shall not be used in the preservation of wood. Furthermore, wood so treated shall not be placed on the market. 4. By way of derogation from paragraph 3: a) Relating to the substances and mixtures for the preservation of wood: these may only be used in industrial installations using vacuum or pressure to impregnate wood if they are solutions of inorganic compounds of the copper, chromium, arsenic (CCA) type C and if they

		are authorised in accordance with Article 5(1) of Directive 98/8/EC. Wood so treated shall not be placed on the market before fixation of the preservative is completed. b) Wood treated with CCA solution in accordance with point (a) may be placed on the market for professional and industrial use provided that the structural integrity of the wood is required for human or livestock safety and skin contact by the general public during its service life is unlikely: — as structural timber in public and agricultural buildings, office buildings, and industrial premises, — in bridges and bridgework, — as constructional timber in freshwater areas and brackish waters, for example jetties and bridges, — as noise barriers, — in avalanche control, — in highway safety fencing and barriers, — as debarked round conifer livestock fence posts, — in earth retaining structures, — as electric power transmission and telecommunications poles, — as underground railway sleepers. c) Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that all treated wood placed on the market is individually labelled “For professional and industrial installation and use only, contains arsenic”. In addition, all wood placed on the market in packs shall also bear a label stating “Wear gloves when handling this wood. Wear a dust mask and eye protection when cutting or otherwise crafting this wood. Waste from this wood shall be treated as hazardous by an authorised undertaking”. d) Treated wood referred to under point a) shall not be used: — in residential or domestic constructions, whatever the purpose, — in any application where there is a risk of repeated skin contact, — in marine waters, — for agricultural purposes other than for livestock fence posts and structural uses in accordance with point (b), — in any application where the treated wood may come into contact with intermediate or finished products intended for human and/or animal consumption. 5. Wood treated with arsenic compounds that was in use in the Community before 30 September 2007, or that was placed on the market in accordance with paragraph 4 may remain in place and continue to be used until it reaches the end of its service life. 6. Wood treated with CCA type C that was in use in the Community before 30 September 2007, or that was placed on the market in accordance with paragraph 4: — may be used or reused subject to the conditions pertaining to its use listed under points 4 (b), (c) and (d), — may be placed on the market subject to the conditions pertaining to its use listed under points 4(b), (c) and (d). 7. Member States may allow wood treated with other types of CCA solutions that was in use in the Community before 30 September 2007: — to be used or reused subject to the conditions pertaining to its use listed under points 4 (b), (c) and (d), — to be placed on the market subject to the conditions pertaining to its use listed under points 4(b), (c) and (d).
· cadmium (non-pyrophoric) · cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric) · cadmium sulphate	Cadmium and its compounds	For the purpose of this entry, the codes and chapters indicated in square brackets are the codes and chapters of the tariff and statistical nomenclature of Common Customs Tariff as established by Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 (OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42). 1. Shall not be used in mixtures and articles produced from synthetic organic polymers (hereafter referred to as plastic material) such as: — polymers or copolymers of vinyl chloride (PVC) [3904 10] [3904 21] — polyurethane (PUR) [3909 50] — low-density polyethylene (LDPE), with the exception of low-density polyethylene used for the production of coloured masterbatch [3901 10] — cellulose acetate (CA) [3912 11] — cellulose acetate butyrate (CAB) [3912 11] — epoxy resins [3907 30] — melamine-formaldehyde (MF) resins [3909 20] — urea-formaldehyde (UF) resins [3909 10] — unsaturated polyesters (UP) [3907 91] — polyethylene terephthalate (PET) [3907 60] — polybutylene terephthalate (PBT) — transparent/general-purpose polystyrene [3903 11] — acrylonitrile methylmethacrylate (AMMA) — cross-linked polyethylene (VPE) — high-impact polystyrene — polypropylene (PP) [3902 10] — high-density polyethylene (HDPE) [3901 20] — acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) [3903 30] — poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) [3906 10]. Mixtures and articles produced from plastic material shall not be placed on the market if the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) is equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight of the plastic material. By way of derogation, the second subparagraph shall not apply to articles placed on the market before 10 December 2011. The first and second subparagraphs apply without prejudice to Council Directive 94/62/EC (OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10) and acts adopted on its basis. By 19 November 2012, in accordance with Article 69, the Commission shall ask the European Chemicals Agency to prepare a dossier conforming to the requirements of Annex XV in order to assess whether the use of cadmium and its compounds in plastic material, other than that listed in subparagraph 1, should be restricted.

		2. Shall not be used or placed on the market in paints with codes [3208] [3209] in a concentration (expressed as Cd metal) equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight. For paints with codes [3208] [3209] with a zinc content exceeding 10 % by weight of the paint, the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) shall not be equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight. Painted articles shall not be placed on the market if the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) is equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight of the paint on the painted article. 3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to articles coloured with mixtures containing cadmium for safety reasons. 4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1, second subparagraph shall not apply to: — mixtures produced from PVC waste, hereinafter referred to as “recovered PVC”, — mixtures and articles containing recovered PVC if their concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) does not exceed 0,1 % by weight of the plastic material in the following rigid PVC applications: (a) profiles and rigid sheets for building applications; (b) doors, windows, shutters, walls, blinds, fences, and roof gutters; (c) decks and terraces; (d) cable ducts; (e) pipes for non-drinking water if the recovered PVC is used in the middle layer of a multilayer pipe and is entirely covered with a layer of newly produced PVC in compliance with paragraph 1 above. Suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market of mixtures and articles containing recovered PVC for the first time, that these are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: “Contains recovered PVC” or with the following pictogram: Pictogram recovered PVC In accordance with Article 69 of this Regulation, the derogation granted in paragraph 4 will be reviewed, in particular with a view to reducing the limit value for cadmium and to reassess the derogation for the applications listed in points (a) to (e), by 31 December 2017. 5. For the purpose of this entry, “cadmium plating” means any deposit or coating of metallic cadmium on a metallic surface. Shall not be used for cadmium plating metallic articles or components of the articles used in the following sectors/applications: a) equipment and machinery for: — food production [8210] [8417 20] [8419 81] [8421 11] [8421 22] [8422] [8435] [8437] [8438] [8476 11] — agriculture [8419 31] [8424 81] [8432] [8433] [8434] [8436] — cooling and freezing [8418] — printing and book-binding [8440] [8442] [8443] (b) equipment and machinery for the production of: — household goods [7321] [8421 12] [8450] [8509] [8516] — furniture [8465] [8466] [9401] [9402] [9403] [9404] — sanitary ware [7324] — central heating and air conditioning plant [7322] [8403] [8404] [8415] In any case, whatever their use or intended final purpose, the placing on the market of cadmium-plated articles or components of such articles used in the sectors/applications listed in points (a) and (b) above and of articles manufactured in the sectors listed in point (b) above is prohibited. 6. The provisions referred to in paragraph 5 shall also be applicable to cadmium-plated articles or components of such articles when used in the sectors/applications listed in points (a) and (b) below and to articles manufactured in the sectors listed in (b) below: (a) equipment and machinery for the production of: — paper and board [8419 32] [8439] [8441] textiles and clothing [8444] [8445] [8447] [8448] [8449] [8451] [8452] (b) equipment and machinery for the production of: — industrial handling equipment and machinery [8425] [8426] [8427] [8428] [8429] [8430] [8431] — road and agricultural vehicles [chapter 87] — rolling stock [chapter 86] — vessels [chapter 89]. 7. However, the restrictions in paragraphs 5 and 6 shall not apply to: — articles and components of the articles used in the aeronautical, aerospace, mining, offshore and nuclear sectors whose applications require high safety standards and in safety devices in road and agricultural vehicles, rolling stock and vessels, — electrical contacts in any sector of use, where that is necessary to ensure the reliability required of the apparatus on which they are installed. ‘8. Shall not be used in brazing fillers in concentration equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight. Brazing fillers shall not be placed on the market if the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) is equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight. For the purpose of this paragraph brazing shall mean a joining technique using alloys and undertaken at temperatures above 450 °C. 9. By way of derogation, paragraph 8 shall not apply to brazing fillers used in defence and aerospace applications and to brazing fillers used for safety reasons. 10. Shall not be used or placed on the market if the concentration is equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight of the metal in: (i) metal beads and other metal components for jewellery making; (ii) metal parts of jewellery and imitation jewellery articles and hair accessories, including: — bracelets, necklaces and rings, — piercing jewellery, — wrist-watches and wrist-wear, — brooches and cufflinks. 11. By way of derogation, paragraph 10 shall not apply to articles placed on the market before 10 December 2011 and jewellery more than 50 years old on 10 December 2011
· nickel · nickel monoxide	Nickel and its compounds	1. Shall not be used: (a) in any post assemblies which are inserted into pierced ears and other pierced parts of the human body unless the rate of nickel release from such post assemblies is less than 0,2 µg/cm 2 /week (migration limit);

		(b) in articles intended to come into direct and prolonged contact with the skin such as: — earrings, — necklaces, bracelets and chains, anklets, finger rings, — wrist-watch cases, watch straps and tighteners, — rivet buttons, tighteners, rivets, zippers and metal marks, when these are used in garments, if the rate of nickel release from the parts of these articles coming into direct and prolonged contact with the skin is greater than 0,5 µg/cm 2 / week. (c) in articles referred to in point (b) where these have a non-nickel coating unless such coating is sufficient to ensure that the rate of nickel release from those parts of such articles coming into direct and prolonged contact with the skin will not exceed 0,5 µg/cm 2 / week for a period of at least two years of normal use of the article. 2. Articles which are the subject of paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements set out in that paragraph. 3. The standards adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) shall be used as the test methods for demonstrating the conformity of articles to paragraphs 1 and 2. Titles and references of harmonised standards under entry 27 of Annex XVII to REACH (see Commission communication (EU) No 2017/C 011/02)
· cadmium (non-pyrophoric) · cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric) · cadmium sulphate · nickel monoxide	Substances which are classified as carcinogen category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 1 or Appendix 2, respectively.	Without prejudice to the other parts of this Annex the following shall apply to entries 28 to 30: 1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, — as substances, — as constituents of other substances, or, — in mixtures, for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the substance or mixture is equal to or greater than: — either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or, — the relevant concentration specified in Directive 1999/45/EC where no specific concentration limit is set out in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows: “Restricted to professional users”. 2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to: (a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and Directive 2001/83/EC; (b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC; (c) the following fuels and oil products: — motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC, — mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion plants, — fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles); (d) artists’ paints covered by Directive 1999/45/EC; (e) the substances listed in Appendix 11, column 1, for the applications or uses listed in Appendix 11, column 2. Where a date is specified in column 2 of Appendix 11, the derogation shall apply until the said date.
· cadmium sulphate	Substances which are classified as germ cell mutagen category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 3 or Appendix 4, respectively.	Without prejudice to the other parts of this Annex the following shall apply to entries 28 to 30: 1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, — as substances, — as constituents of other substances, or, — in mixtures, for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the substance or mixture is equal to or greater than: — either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or, — the relevant concentration specified in Directive 1999/45/EC where no specific concentration limit is set out in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows: “Restricted to professional users”. 2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to: (a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and Directive 2001/83/EC; (b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC; (c) the following fuels and oil products: — motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC, — mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion plants, — fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles); (d) artists’ paints covered by Directive 1999/45/EC; (e) the substances listed in Appendix 11, column 1, for the applications or uses listed in Appendix 11, column 2. Where a date is specified in column 2 of Appendix 11, the derogation shall apply until the said date.
· cadmium sulphate · lead(II)sulphate	Substances which are classified as reproductive toxicant category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 5 or Appendix 6, respectively.	Without prejudice to the other parts of this Annex the following shall apply to entries 28 to 30: 1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, — as substances, — as constituents of other substances, or, — in mixtures, for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the substance or mixture is equal to or greater than: — either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or, — the relevant concentration specified in Directive 1999/45/EC where no specific

		concentration limit is set out in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows: “Restricted to professional users”. 2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to: (a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and Directive 2001/83/EC; (b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC; (c) the following fuels and oil products: — motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC, — mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion plants, — fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles); (d) artists’ paints covered by Directive 1999/45/EC; (e) the substances listed in Appendix 11, column 1, for the applications or uses listed in Appendix 11, column 2. Where a date is specified in column 2 of Appendix 11, the derogation shall apply until the said date.
· lead(II)sulphate	Lead and its compounds	1. Shall not be placed on the market or used in any individual part of jewellery articles if the concentration of lead (expressed as metal) in such a part is equal to or greater than 0,05 % by weight. 2. For the purposes of paragraph 1: (i) "jewellery articles" shall include jewellery and imitation jewellery articles and hair accessories, including: (a) bracelets, necklaces and rings; (b) piercing jewellery; (c) wrist watches and wrist-wear; (d) brooches and cufflinks; (ii) "any individual part" shall include the materials from which the jewellery is made, as well as the individual components of the jewellery articles. 3. Paragraph 1 shall also apply to individual parts when placed on the market or used for jewellery-making. 4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to: (a) crystal glass as defined in Annex I (categories 1, 2, 3 and 4) to Council Directive 69/493/EEC (*); (b) internal components of watch timepieces inaccessible to consumers; (c) non-synthetic or reconstructed precious and semiprecious stones (CN code 7103, as established by Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87), unless they have been treated with lead or its compounds or mixtures containing these substances; (d) enamels, defined as vitrifiable mixtures resulting from the fusion, vitrification or sintering of minerals melted at a temperature of at least 500 °C. (*) OJ L 326, 29.12.1969, p. 36. 5. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to jewellery articles placed on the market for the first time before 9 October 2013 and jewellery articles produced before 10 December 1961. 6. By 9 October 2017, the Commission shall re-evaluate paragraphs 1 to 5 of this entry in the light of new scientific information, including the availability of alternatives and the migration of lead from the articles referred to in paragraph 1 and, if appropriate, modify this entry accordingly. 7. Shall not be placed on the market or used in articles supplied to the general public, if the concentration of lead (expressed as metal) in those articles or accessible parts thereof is equal to or greater than 0,05 % by weight, and those articles or accessible parts thereof may, during normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use, be placed in the mouth by children. That limit shall not apply where it can be demonstrated that the rate of lead release from such an article or any such accessible part of an article, whether coated or uncoated, does not exceed 0,05 µg/cm2 per hour (equivalent to 0,05 µg/g/h), and, for coated articles, that the coating is sufficient to ensure that this release rate is not exceeded for a period of at least two years of normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use of the article. For the purposes of this paragraph, it is considered that an article or accessible part of an article may be placed in the mouth by children if it is smaller than 5 cm in one dimension or has a detachable or protruding part of that size. 8. By way of derogation, paragraph 7 shall not apply to: (a) jewellery articles covered by paragraph 1; (b) crystal glass as defined in Annex I (categories 1, 2, 3 and 4) to Directive 69/493/EEC; (c) non-synthetic or reconstructed precious and semi-precious stones (CN code 7103 as established by Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87) unless they have been treated with lead or its compounds or mixtures containing these substances; (d) enamels, defined as vitrifiable mixtures resulting from the fusion, vitrification or sintering of mineral melted at a temperature of at least 500 °C; (e) keys and locks, including padlocks; (f) musical instruments; (g) articles and parts of articles comprising brass alloys, if the concentration of lead (expressed as metal) in the brass alloy does not exceed 0,5 % by weight; (h) the tips of writing instruments; (i) religious articles; (j) portable zinc-carbon batteries and button cell batteries; (k) articles within the scope of: (i) Directive 94/62/EC; (ii) Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004; (iii) Directive 2009/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (*); (iv) Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (**) 9. By 1 July 2019, the Commission shall re-evaluate paragraphs 7 and 8(e), (f), (i) and (j) of this entry in the light of new scientific information, including the availability of alternatives and the migration of lead from the articles referred to in paragraph 7, including the requirement on coating integrity, and, if appropriate, modify this entry accordingly.

		10. By way of derogation paragraph 7 shall not apply to articles placed on the market for the first time before 1 June 2016. (*) Directive 2009/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 on the safety of toys (OJ L 170, 30.6.2009, p. 1). (**) Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (OJ L 174, 1.7.2011, p. 88).

National legislation Belgium

Cobalt Nickel cement

No data available

tricopper arsenide

Additional classification	Arsenic et ses composés inorganiques (en As); C; La mention “C” signifie que l’agent en question relève du champ d’application de l’arrêté royal du 2 décembre 1993 concernant la protection des travailleurs contre les risques liés à l’exposition à des agents cancérigènes et mutagènes et reprotoxiques au travail.

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Additional classification	Cadmium et ses composés (particules alvéolaires) (en Cd); C; La mention “C” signifie que l’agent en question relève du champ d’application de l’arrêté royal du 2 décembre 1993 concernant la protection des travailleurs contre les risques liés à l’exposition à des agents cancérigènes et mutagènes et reprotoxiques au travail.
	Cadmium et ses composés (particules inhalables) (en Cd); C; La mention “C” signifie que l’agent en question relève du champ d’application de l’arrêté royal du 2 décembre 1993 concernant la protection des travailleurs contre les risques liés à l’exposition à des agents cancérigènes et mutagènes et reprotoxiques au travail.

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Additional classification	Cadmium et ses composés (particules alvéolaires) (en Cd); C; La mention “C” signifie que l’agent en question relève du champ d’application de l’arrêté royal du 2 décembre 1993 concernant la protection des travailleurs contre les risques liés à l’exposition à des agents cancérigènes et mutagènes et reprotoxiques au travail.
	Cadmium et ses composés (particules inhalables) (en Cd); C; La mention “C” signifie que l’agent en question relève du champ d’application de l’arrêté royal du 2 décembre 1993 concernant la protection des travailleurs contre les risques liés à l’exposition à des agents cancérigènes et mutagènes et reprotoxiques au travail.

cadmium sulphate

Additional classification	Cadmium et ses composés (particules alvéolaires) (en Cd); C; La mention “C” signifie que l’agent en question relève du champ d’application de l’arrêté royal du 2 décembre 1993 concernant la protection des travailleurs contre les risques liés à l’exposition à des agents cancérigènes et mutagènes et reprotoxiques au travail.
	Cadmium et ses composés (particules inhalables) (en Cd); C; La mention “C” signifie que l’agent en question relève du champ d’application de l’arrêté royal du 2 décembre 1993 concernant la protection des travailleurs contre les risques liés à l’exposition à des agents cancérigènes et mutagènes et reprotoxiques au travail.

National legislation The Netherlands

Cobalt Nickel cement

Waterbezwaarlijkheid	Z (2)

tricopper arsenide

SZW - Lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	anorganische arseenverbindingen; Listed in SZW-list of carcinogenic substances
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (ontwikkeling)	anorganische arseenverbindingen; 1B; May damage the unborn child.
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (vruchtbaarheid)	anorganische arseenverbindingen; 1B; May damage fertility.
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (borstvoeding)	anorganische arseenverbindingen; May cause harm to breastfed babies

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

SZW - Lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	Cadmium, zowel gestabiliseerd als pyrofoor; Listed in SZW-list of carcinogenic substances
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (ontwikkeling)	Cadmium, zowel gestabiliseerd als pyrofoor; 2; Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (vruchtbaarheid)	Cadmium, zowel gestabiliseerd als pyrofoor; 2; Suspected of damaging fertility.
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (borstvoeding)	Cadmium, zowel gestabiliseerd als pyrofoor; May cause harm to breastfed babies

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

SZW - Lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	Cadmiumoxide, gestabiliseerd; Listed in SZW-list of carcinogenic substances
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (ontwikkeling)	Cadmiumoxide, gestabiliseerd; 2; Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (vruchtbaarheid)	Cadmiumoxide, gestabiliseerd; 2; Suspected of damaging fertility.
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (borstvoeding)	Cadmiumoxide, gestabiliseerd; May cause harm to breastfed babies

cadmium sulphate

SZW - Lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	Cadmiumsulfaat; Listed in SZW-list of carcinogenic substances
SZW - Lijst van mutagene stoffen	Cadmiumsulfaat; Listed in SZW-list of mutagenic substances
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (ontwikkeling)	Cadmiumsulfaat; 1B; May damage the unborn child.
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (vruchtbaarheid)	Cadmiumsulfaat; 1B; May damage fertility.

nickel monoxide

SZW - Lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	nikkelmonoxide; Listed in SZW-list of carcinogenic substances

lead(II)sulphate

SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (ontwikkeling)	loodverbindingen, alle; 1A; May damage the unborn child.
SZW - Lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen (vruchtbaarheid)	loodverbindingen, alle; 2; Suspected of damaging fertility.

National legislation France

Cobalt Nickel cement

No data available

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

Catégorie cancérogène	Cadmium et composés, en Cd; (C1A,C1B,C2)

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

Catégorie cancérogène	Cadmium (oxyde de), en Cd; C1B
Catégorie mutagène	Cadmium (oxyde de), en Cd; M2
Catégorie toxique pour la reproduction	Cadmium (oxyde de), en Cd; R2

cadmium sulphate

Catégorie cancérogène	Cadmium et composés, en Cd; (C1A,C1B,C2)

nickel

Catégorie cancérogène	Nickel (métal); C2

nickel monoxide

Catégorie cancérogène	Nickel (oxyde de), en Ni; C1A

lead(II)sulphate

Catégorie cancérogène	Plomb métallique et composés, en Pb; (C1A,C1B,C2)
Catégorie toxique pour la reproduction	Plomb métallique et composés, en Pb; (R1A,R1B,R2)

diantimony trioxide

Catégorie cancérogène	Antimoine et ses composés, en Sb; (C1A,C1B,C2)

National legislation Germany

Cobalt Nickel cement

WGK	3; Classification water polluting based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS) of 27 July 2005 (Anhang 4) and Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (AwSV) of 18 April 2017

tricopper arsenide

TA-Luft	5.2.7.1.1; I

calcium sulfate, dihydrate

TA-Luft	5.2.1

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

TA-Luft	5.2.7.1.1; I
TRGS905 - Krebserzeugend	Cadmium-Verbindungen (bioverfügbar, in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole), ausgenommen: die nachfolgend genannten sowie, die in Anhang VI Teil 3 der CLP-Verordnung namentlich aufgeführten, soweit sie "geringer eingestuft" sind; 1B

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

TA-Luft	5.2.7.1.1; I

cadmium sulphate

TA-Luft	5.2.7.1.1; I
TRGS905 - Krebserzeugend	Cadmium-Verbindungen (bioverfügbar, in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole), ausgenommen: die nachfolgend genannten sowie, die in Anhang VI Teil 3 der CLP-Verordnung namentlich aufgeführten, soweit sie "geringer eingestuft" sind; 1B

cobalt

TA-Luft	5.2.7.1.1; I
TRGS905 - Krebserzeugend	Cobalt-Metall (in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole) mit Ausnahme von Hartmetallen, Cobalt-haltigen Spinellen und organischen Cobalt-Sikkativen; 1B
TRGS905 - Erbgutverändernd	Cobalt-Metall (in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole) mit Ausnahme von Hartmetallen, Cobalt-haltigen Spinellen und organischen Cobalt-Sikkativen; -
TRGS905 - Fruchtbarkeitsgefährdend	Cobalt-Metall (in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole) mit Ausnahme von Hartmetallen, Cobalt-haltigen Spinellen und organischen Cobalt-Sikkativen; -
TRGS905 - Fruchtschädigend	Cobalt-Metall (in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole) mit Ausnahme von Hartmetallen, Cobalt-haltigen Spinellen und organischen Cobalt-Sikkativen; -

cobalt oxide

TA-Luft	5.2.7.1.1; I
TRGS905 - Krebserzeugend	Cobalt-Verbindungen (bioverfügbar, in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole), ausgenommen die in dieser Liste bzw. in Anhang VI Teil 3 der CLP-Verordnung namentlich aufgeführten Cobaltverbindungen sowie mit Ausnahme von Hartmetallen, Cobalt-haltigen Spinellen und organischen Cobalt-Sikkativen; 2
	Cobaltoxid (bioverfügbar, in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole); 2
TRGS905 - Erbgutverändernd	Cobalt-Verbindungen (bioverfügbar, in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole), ausgenommen die in dieser Liste bzw. in Anhang VI Teil 3 der CLP-Verordnung namentlich aufgeführten Cobaltverbindungen sowie mit Ausnahme von Hartmetallen, Cobalt-haltigen Spinellen und organischen Cobalt-Sikkativen; -
	Cobaltoxid (bioverfügbar, in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole); -
TRGS905 - Fruchtbarkeitsgefährdend	Cobalt-Verbindungen (bioverfügbar, in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole), ausgenommen die in dieser Liste bzw. in Anhang VI Teil 3 der CLP-Verordnung namentlich aufgeführten Cobaltverbindungen sowie mit Ausnahme von Hartmetallen, Cobalt-haltigen Spinellen und organischen Cobalt-Sikkativen; -
	Cobaltoxid (bioverfügbar, in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole); -
TRGS905 - Fruchtschädigend	Cobalt-Verbindungen (bioverfügbar, in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole), ausgenommen die in dieser Liste bzw. in Anhang VI Teil 3 der CLP-Verordnung namentlich aufgeführten Cobaltverbindungen sowie mit Ausnahme von Hartmetallen, Cobalt-haltigen Spinellen und organischen Cobalt-Sikkativen; -
	Cobaltoxid (bioverfügbar, in Form atembarer Stäube/Aerosole); -

copper

TA-Luft	5.2.2; III

copper(II) oxide

TA-Luft	5.2.2; III

copper sulphate

TA-Luft	5.2.1

nickel

TA-Luft	5.2.2; II
TRGS900 - Risiko der Fruchtschädigung	Nickel und Nickelverbindungen; Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden
Sensibilisierende Stoffe	Nickel und Nickelverbindungen; Sh; Hautsensibilisierende Stoffe

nickel monoxide

TA-Luft	5.2.7.1.1; II
TRGS900 - Risiko der Fruchtschädigung	Nickel und Nickelverbindungen; Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden
Sensibilisierende Stoffe	Nickel und Nickelverbindungen; Sh; Hautsensibilisierende Stoffe

lead(II)sulphate

TA-Luft	5.2.2; II

diantimony trioxide

TA-Luft	5.2.2; III
TRGS900 - Risiko der Fruchtschädigung	Diantimontrioxid; Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden

zinc oxide

TA-Luft	5.2.1

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)

TA-Luft	5.2.1

National legislation United Kingdom

Cobalt Nickel cement

No data available

tricopper arsenide

Carcinogen	Arsenic and compounds except arsine (as As); Carc

cadmium sulphate

Carcinogen	Cadmium compounds except cadmium oxide fume, cadmium sulphide and cadmium sulphide pigments (as Cd); Carc

cobalt

Skin Sensitisation	Cobalt; Sen
Respiratory sensitisation	Cobalt; Sen

cobalt oxide

Carcinogen	Cobalt compounds (as Co); Carc
Skin Sensitisation	Cobalt compounds (as Co); Sen
Respiratory sensitisation	Cobalt compounds (as Co); Sen

nickel

Skin absorption	Nickel metal; Sk

nickel monoxide

Carcinogen	Nickel, insoluble inorganic compounds (as Ni)(except nickel tetracarbonyl); Carc
Skin absorption	Nickel, insoluble inorganic compounds (as Ni)(except nickel tetracarbonyl); Sk

Other relevant data

Cobalt Nickel cement

No data available

tricopper arsenide

TLV - Carcinogen	Arsenic, inorganic compounds (exept Arsine), as As; A1

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)

TLV - Carcinogen	Cadmium; A2
	Cadmium; A2
IARC - classification	1; Cadmium and cadmium compounds

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)

TLV - Carcinogen	Cadmium, compounds, as Cd; A2
	Cadmium, compounds, as Cd; A2
IARC - classification	1; Cadmium and cadmium compounds

cadmium sulphate

TLV - Carcinogen	Cadmium, compounds, as Cd; A2
	Cadmium, compounds, as Cd; A2
IARC - classification	1; Cadmium and cadmium compounds

cobalt

TLV - Carcinogen	Cobalt, elemental; A3
IARC - classification	2B; Cobalt and cobalt compounds

cobalt oxide

TLV - Carcinogen	Cobalt, inorganic compounds, as Co; A3
IARC - classification	2B; Cobalt and cobalt compounds

nickel

TLV - Carcinogen	Nickel Elemental; A5
IARC - classification	2B; Nickel and nickel compounds

nickel monoxide

TLV - Carcinogen	Nickel, Insoluble inorganic compounds (NOS), as Ni; A1
IARC - classification	1; Nickel and nickel compounds

lead(II)sulphate

TLV - Carcinogen	Lead, inorganic compounds, as Pb; A3

diantimony trioxide

TLV - Carcinogen	Antimony trioxide production; A2
IARC - classification	2B; Antimony trioxide and antimony trisulfide

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment is required; registered as an isolated intermediate.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of any H-statements referred to under heading 3:

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H330 Fatal if inhaled.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H340 May cause genetic defects.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350 May cause cancer.
H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.
H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H372 Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

(*)	INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG
CLP (EU-GHS)	Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
EC50	Effect Concentration 50 %
ErC50	EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50 %
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
STP	Sludge Treatment Process
vPvB	very Persistent & very Bioaccumulative

M-factor

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)	10	Acute	ECHA
cadmium (non-pyrophoric)	10	Chronic	ECHA
cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)	10	Acute	ECHA
cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)	10	Chronic	ECHA
cadmium sulphate	10	Chronic	ECHA
cobalt oxide	10		CLP Annex VI (ATP 1)
copper(II) oxide	100	Acute	CLP Annex VI (ATP 9)
lead(II)sulphate	1	Acute	BIG
zinc oxide	1	Acute	ECHA
zinc oxide	1	Chronic	ECHA
zinc sulphate (anhydrous)	1	Acute	ECHA
zinc sulphate (anhydrous)	1	Chronic	ECHA

Specific concentration limits CLP

cadmium sulphate	C ≥ 0,01 %	Carc. 1B; H350	CLP Annex VI (ATP 0)
	C ≥ 7 %	STOT RE 1; H372	CLP Annex VI (ATP 0)
	0,1 % ≤ C < 7%	STOT RE 2; H373	CLP Annex VI (ATP 0)
lead(II)sulphate	C ≥ 2,5 %	Repr. 2; H361f	CLP Annex VI (ATP 0)
	C ≥ 0,5 %	STOT RE 2; H373	CLP Annex VI (ATP 0)

The information in this safety data sheet is based on data and samples provided to BIG. The sheet was written to the best of our ability and according to the state of knowledge at that time. The safety data sheet only constitutes a guideline for the safe handling, use, consumption, storage, transport and disposal of the substances/preparations/mixtures mentioned under point 1. New safety data sheets are written from time to time. Only the most recent versions may be used. Old versions must be destroyed. Unless indicated otherwise word for word on the safety data sheet, the information does not apply to substances/preparations/mixtures in purer form, mixed with other substances or in processes. The safety data sheet offers no quality specification for the substances/preparations/mixtures in question. Compliance with the instructions in this safety data sheet does not release the user from the obligation to take all measures dictated by common sense, regulations and recommendations or which are necessary and/or useful based on the real applicable circumstances. BIG does not guarantee the accuracy or exhaustiveness of the information provided and cannot be held liable for any changes by third parties. This safety data sheet is only to be used within the European Union, Switzerland, Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein. Any use outside of this area is at your own risk. Use of this safety data sheet is subject to the licence and liability limiting conditions as stated in your BIG licence agreement or when this is failing the general conditions of BIG. All intellectual property rights to this sheet are the property of BIG and its distribution and reproduction are limited. Consult the mentioned agreement/conditions for details.

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet
Leach residues, zinc ore-calcine, zinc cobalt (273-769-5)

This annex contains information on risk management measures as specified in appendix 3 of the registration dossier for isolated on-site and transported intermediates

1. Brief description of technological process applied in manufacture of the intermediate EC 273-769-5

During the hydrometallurgical production of metal and/or metal-compounds, redox-potential variations (cementation) result in the selective precipitation of a 'Cobalt-Nickel cement' that concentrate the Co/Ni and Co/Ni-compounds from the feed; it is extracted and isolated for further processing in production units of Cobalt and Nickel metal or Cobalt and Nickel compounds. The Co-Ni-precipitate is a wet filter-cake with an average Cobalt-content of 3-15% w/w and Nickel content of 10-40%.

- Adding of a reducing agent –i.e. Zinc powder, PbO and As/Sb salts ...- to the Cobalt and Nickel loaded Zinc Sulphate solution and precipitation (cementation) of a Cobalt/Nickel-rich metallic precipitate.
- Separation of the precipitate in dedicated settler
- The precipitate is optionally re-pulped in a second reaction tank with a slightly acidic sulphate solution in order to dissolve the excess of un-reacted zinc powder and potentially co-precipitated Cadmium
- Eventually, the Cobalt/Nickel-rich filter-cake is washed and filtered out of the suspension using press-filters
- Stored covered, the Co/Ni rich filter-cake is further transferred as Intermediate to the special treatment unit, typically used in production units of Cobalt and Nickel recovery
- In case of transport to other premises, the Intermediate will be loaded in ADR-regulated big-bags or containers (barrels, small containers, bulk containers, silo-trucks, …)
- Waste of the process:
    - Used bags
    - Other streams (washing waters) are recycled to the main process

2. Brief description of technological processes applied in use of the intermediate EC 273-769-5

- The 'Cobalt/Nickel cement' is unloaded from transport trucks, ADR-big-bags or containers, …and transferred to storage silo's or lodges through especially designed transfer units,
- The 'Cobalt/Nickel cement' is optionally blended with other Cobalt / Nickel -containing primary or secondary materials
- The mixture is continuously or semi-continuously fed
    - In hydrometallurgical uses, to leaching tanks (closed loop of acidic solution, mostly sulphate) used in the production of (Intermediate) Cobalt / Nickel salt
    - In pyrometallurgical uses, to furnaces, i.e. ISA, Blast... used in the smelting and extraction of Cobalt / Nickel metal (EC 231-159-6)
- Waste treatment:
    - Used bags
    - During pyrometallurgical treatment: slag. The slag is dumped if not re-used in road filling.

3. Means of rigorous containment and minimisation technologies applied by the registrant during the manufacturing and /or use process

⇨ **Description of the technical means to rigorously contain the substance**

- Process enclosures and closed circuits where relevant and possible.
- All processes are performed in a confined area, all residues containing zinc/ Cobalt / Nickel are recycled

- Containment of liquid volumes in sumps to collect/prevent accidental spillage
- Acid solutions are treated adequately
- The process is managed and controlled from a separate control-room.
- Potential dryers are operated under strong aspiration (negative pressure)

⇨ Identification of residual emissions to workplace & environment

Residual exposures at the workplace and the environment are assessed from regular measurements of dust/metals and represent usually a global exposure to several steps in a process. Dust control: dust and metals in dust needs to be measured in the workplace air (static or individual) according to national regulations.

- Workplaces: dust, metal concentrations?
- Workers: biomonitoring Pb, Ni?
- Environment air: stack point source measurement (dust, metal concentrations)
- Environment water: typically measured prior to discharge, if emissions to surface waters are relevant

- Some non-process waters can be generated containing zinc/cobalt/nickel (e.g. from cleaning)
- Run-off water from smelter area
- Water from wet-gas cleaning
  - ⇨ The waters are collected and recycled as much as possible. All plants have a special water treatment plant before discharge

⇨ Description of the procedural and control technologies to minimise emission and resulting exposure

- Air emissions are controlled by use of scrubbers, filters, demisters. This may create a general negative pressure at the system openings (loading, sampling, production exit).
- Potential direct exposure for workers is limited (sampling, cleaning, maintenance)
- On-site waste water treatment techniques are applied to prevent releases to water (if applicable) e.g.: chemical precipitation, sedimentation and filtration, to ensure emissions are under permitted level.
- Local exhaust ventilation systems; specific extraction of process gasses from furnaces, higher efficiencies are required
- Special care for the general establishment and maintenance of a clean working environment by e.g.:
  - Cleaning of process equipment and workshop
  - Storage of intermediate in dedicated silos
- Wearing of gloves and protective clothing is compulsory
- With normal handling, no respiratory personal protection (breathing apparatus) is necessary.
- Eyes: safety glasses are recommended or compulsory

⇨ Specification of management means and training that particularly contribute to the functioning of the technical means described above

- integrated management system is implemented on the workplace e.g. ISO 9000, ISO ICS13100 series, ISO 1400X series, EMAS or alike and, as usually applicable, by being IPPC/IED-compliant (cf. NFM-BREF)
- compliance with the applicable legislation such as Seveso, Chemical agents directive, carcinogenic agents directive
- housekeeping and hygiene procedures in place

- training provided for internal and external cleaning teams or technicians
- Follow up HS by medical unit: biomonitoring if required (i.e. Pb, Cd...)

4. Means of rigorous containment and minimisation technologies recommended to the user of the intermediate

- Means of containment and minimisation technologies are same as above
- The cobalt/nickel cement is unloaded from [pneumatic] transport trucks, train, ADR-big-bags or containers, …and transferred to storage zones or silo's through especially designed transfer units
- Material composition, handling, storage procedures and general guidance on safe use are communicated to the personnel or downstream (external) user by means of Safety Data Sheet

5. Special procedures applied before cleaning and maintenance

- Procedures are in place to ensure safe cleaning and maintenance operations
    - Stopping (part of) the process
    - Potential dryers are operated under strong aspiration (negative pressure towards atmospheric pressure)
    - Switch off power supply & lock out procedure
    - Special PPE mandatory for cleaning personnel or maintenance technicians
    - Planning and training for internal and external personnel
- general guidance on safe use is communicated to the personnel or downstream (external) user by means of Safety Data Sheet

6. Describe activity and type of PPE in case of accidents, incidents, maintenance and cleaning activities

Accident release measures:

- **Workers**: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment.
- **Environment**: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
- **Cleaning**: If emergency personnel are unavailable, vacuum or carefully scoop up spilled material and place in an appropriate container for disposal by incineration. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal.
  Fire: The product is not combustible. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Collect contaminated extinguishing water separately; Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Periodic maintenance: (Furnace and associated equipment; Off-gas treatment system; Repair operations; Observational tasks and control activities)

- General protective and hygiene measures: Keep away from food, beverages and animal feed. At work do not eat, drink, or smoke. Remove soiled, soaked clothing. After work and before breaks ensure thorough skin cleansing. Separate storing of protective / work clothing is necessary. Ensure adequate ventilation when handling dry product (for example in analysis context). Eyewash should be available at the workplace
- Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known

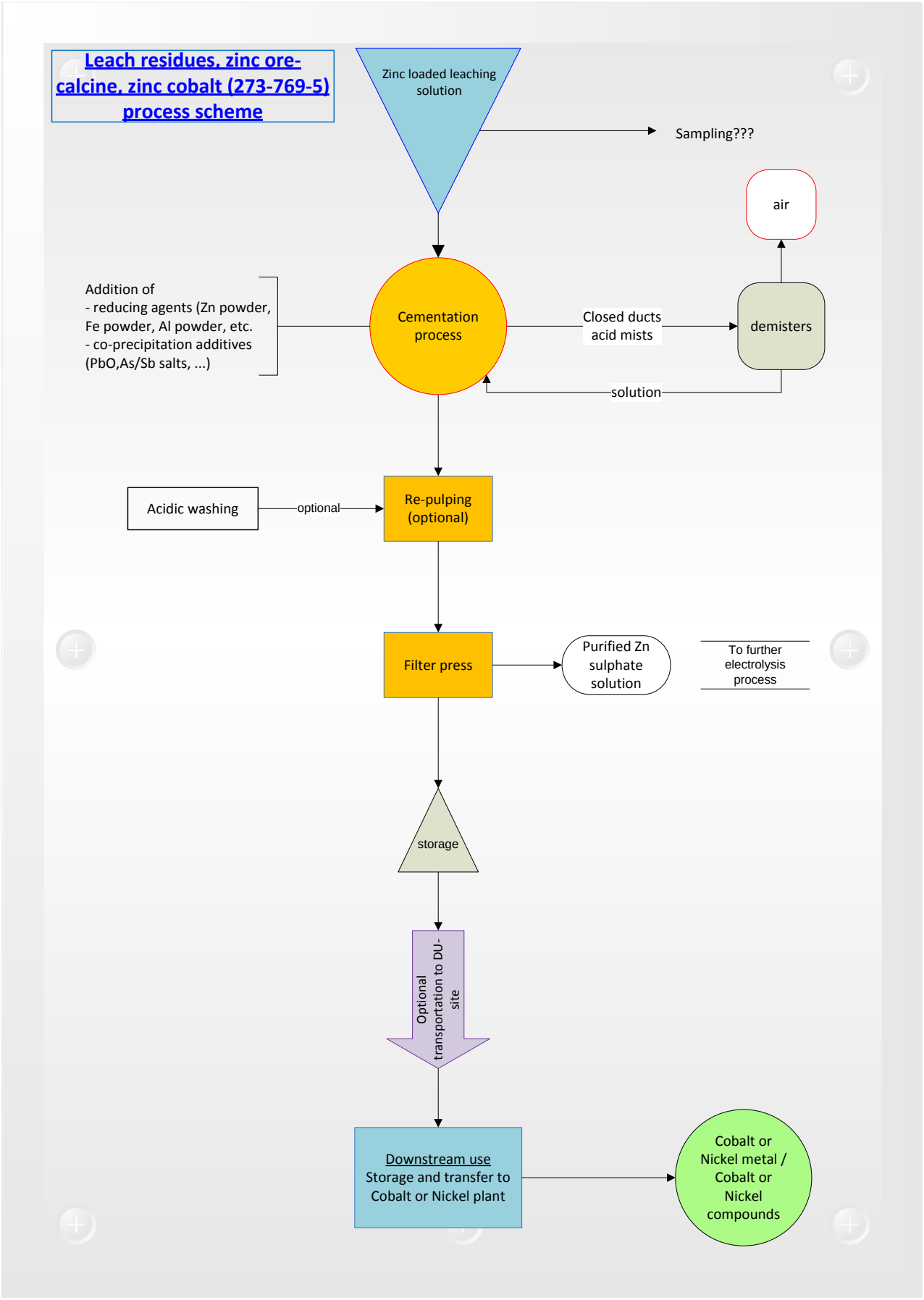
or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: EU : type P3 (EN 140-143 or EN 149) .

- Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Eye protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.
- Body protection: Usual chemical work clothing.

Cleaning activity: Process equipment; workshop: same applies

7. Waste information

- The intermediate is a product for the production of zinc as a metal. If the normal processing route cannot be adhered to, returning it to the producer is recommended. Disposal should be in accordance with the official regulations
- PPE equipment is collected and disposed of
- Used bags
- Other streams (washing waters) are recycled to the main process
- Classified as hazardous waste
    - Waste material number: 7091 Inorganic salts and other solid matter. EWC-code: 11 02 02 sludges from zinc hydrometallurgy (including jarosite, goethite). Specification of the waste material number and EWC-code are for illustrative purposes only. Which waste catalogue number and code to use must be decided by the end user based on the actual use of the product.
    - Other Waste should be recycled. If recycling is not possible, the waste is classified as hazardous waste.


Leach residues, zinc ore-calcine, zinc cobalt (273-769-5) process scheme
Zinc loaded leaching solution
Sampling???
air
Addition of
- reducing agents (Zn powder, Fe powder, Al powder, etc.
- co-precipitation additives (PbO,As/Sb salts, ...)
Cementation process
Closed ducts acid mists
demisters
solution
Acidic washing
optional
Re-pulping (optional)
Filter press
Purified Zn sulphate solution
To further electrolysis process
storage
Optional transportation to DU-site
Downstream use
Storage and transfer to Cobalt or Nickel plant
Cobalt or Nickel metal / Cobalt or Nickel compounds