

Copper Cadmium Cement

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Copper Cadmium Cement
Synonyms : [leach residues, cadmium cake]; Cadmium cement, Cadmium cake ; Cément de Cuivre Cadmium ; Koper-Cadmium-cement; Copper cement Low grade; Copper-Cadmium cement, Cadmium cement; leach residues, cadmium cake
Registration number REACH : 01-2119485379-21-0001 (Nyrstar Belgium NV/SA)
 01-2119485379-21-0009 (Nyrstar Budel BV)
 01-2119485379-21-0005 (Nyrstar France SAS)
Product type REACH : Substance/UVCB
CAS number : 91053-44-0
EC number : 293-309-7

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

IU1: production of the intermediate - During the hydrometallurgical production of Zinc, redox-potential variations (cementation) result in the selective precipitation of a 'Cadmium-cake' that concentrate the Cd and Cd-compounds from the feed; it is extracted and isolated for further processing.
 IU2: use of the intermediate - The 'Cadmium-cake' is unloaded, blended with other, primary and/or secondary materials, and loaded in smelting furnaces (ISF, convertor,...) or similar, or optionally hydrometallurgical steps for further processing and extraction of Cadmium and/or copper metal or Cadmium and/or Copper compounds.

1.2.2 Uses advised against

No uses advised against known

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier of the safety data sheet

Nyrstar Belgium N.V. on behalf of Nyrstar Sales & Marketing A.G.
 Zinkstraat 1
 B-2490 Balen
 ☎ +32 14 44 95 00
 📠 +32 14 81 05 31
 infoSDS@nyrstar.com
 Nyrstar Budel B.V. on behalf of Nyrstar Sales & Marketing A.G.
 Hoofdstraat 1
 6024 AA Budel-Dorplein
 ☎ +32 14 44 96 80
 📠 +32 14 44 95 52
 infoSDS@nyrstar.com
 Nyrstar France S.A.S. on behalf of Nyrstar Sales & Marketing A.G.
 Rue Jean Jacques Rousseau
 F-59950 Aubry
 ☎ +32 14 44 96 80
 📠 +33 3 27 88 39 48
 infoSDS@nyrstar.com

Manufacturer of the product

Nyrstar Sales & Marketing SA
 1 Rue de Jargonant
 CH-1207 Geneva
 infoSDS@nyrstar.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h (Telephone advice: English, French, German, Dutch) :
 +32 14 58 45 45 (BIG)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as dangerous according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Class	Category	Hazard statements
Carc.	category 1A	H350: May cause cancer.
Muta.	category 1B	H340: May cause genetic defects.
Repr.	category 1A	H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Acute Tox.	category 1	H330: Fatal if inhaled.
Acute Tox.	category 3	H301: Toxic if swallowed.
Resp. Sens.	category 1B	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Created by: Brandweerinformatiecentrum voor gevaarlijke stoffen vzw (BIG)
 Technische Schoolstraat 43 A, B-2440 Geel
<http://www.big.be>
 © BIG vzw

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Revision number: 0400 (supersedes revision 0301 of 2023-05-05)

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

BIG number: 51696

1 / 19

878-16274-072-en

Copper Cadmium Cement

Skin Sens.	category 1A	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT RE	category 1	H372: Causes damage to organs (bones, lungs, kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Eye Dam.	category 1	H318: Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Irrit.	category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Aquatic Acute	category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aquatic Chronic	category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements



Signal word

Danger

H-statements

H350	May cause cancer.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H372	Causes damage to organs (bones, lungs, kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P-statements

P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P330	Rinse mouth.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Supplemental information

Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards

The criteria of PBT and vPvB as listed in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 do not apply to inorganic substances
Pulverization rapidly increases toxic concentration

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name REACH Registration No	CAS No EC No	Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark	M-factors and ATE
leach residues, cadmium cake 01-2119485379-21	91053-44-0 293-309-7	C>99%	Carc. 1A; H350 Muta. 1B; H340 Repr. 1A; H360 Acute Tox. 1; H330 Acute Tox. 3; H301 Resp. Sens. 1B; H334 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 STOT RE 1; H372 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410		UVCB	M: 10 (Acute, BIG) M: 10 (Chronic, BIG)
tricopper arsenide	12005-75-3 234-472-6	C<0.27%	Acute Tox. 3; H331 Acute Tox. 3; H301 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(10)	Component UVCB	
calcium sulfate, dihydrate 01-2119444918-26	10101-41-4 231-900-3	0%<C<6%		(2)	Component UVCB	
cadmium (non-pyrophoric)	7440-43-9 231-152-8	0%<C<38%	Carc. 1B; H350 Muta. 2; H341 Repr. 2; H361fd Acute Tox. 2; H330 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(4)(10)	Component UVCB	M: 10 (Acute, ECHA) M: 10 (Chronic, ECHA)

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

2 / 19

Copper Cadmium Cement

cadmium oxide (non-pyrophoric)	1306-19-0 215-146-2	0% <C<18.3%	Carc. 1B; H350 Muta. 2; H341 Repr. 2; H361fd Acute Tox. 2; H330 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(4)(10)	Component UVCB	M: 10 (Acute, ECHA (registration dossier)) M: 10 (Chronic, ECHA (registration dossier))
cadmium sulphate	10124-36-4 233-331-6	0% <C<29.7%	Carc. 1B; H350 Muta. 1B; H340 Repr. 1B; H360FD Acute Tox. 2; H330 Acute Tox. 3; H301 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 Carc. 1B; H350: C≥0,01%, (CLP Annex VI (ATP 0)) STOT RE 1; H372: C≥7%, (CLP Annex VI (ATP 0)) STOT RE 2; H373: 0,1%≤C<7%, (CLP Annex VI (ATP 0))	(1)(2)(4)(10)	Component UVCB	M: 10 (Acute, ECHA) M: 10 (Chronic, ECHA)
cobalt	7440-48-4 231-158-0	0%<C<2.5%	Carc. 1B; H350 Muta. 2; H341 Repr. 1B; H360F Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Chronic 4; H413	(1)(2)(10)	Component UVCB	
cobalt oxide	1307-96-6 215-154-6	0%<C<3.2%	Acute Tox. 3; H301 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(10)	Component UVCB	M: 10 (Acute, CLP Annex VI (ATP 1)) M: 10 (Chronic, CLP Annex VI (ATP 1))
copper	7440-50-8 231-159-6	3.1% <C<49.0%		(2)(10)	Component UVCB	
copper(II) oxide	1317-38-0 215-269-1	0.5% <C<13.1%	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)	Component UVCB	M: 100 (Acute, CLP Annex VI (ATP 17)) M: 10 (Chronic, CLP Annex VI (ATP 17))
copper sulphate	7758-98-7 231-847-6	1% <C<26.7%	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(6)(10)	Component UVCB	
nickel	7440-02-0 231-111-4	0%<C<3.5%	Carc. 2; H351 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT RE 1; H372	(1)(2)(10)	Component UVCB	
nickel monoxide	1313-99-1 215-215-7	0%<C<4.5%	Carc. 1A; H350i Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Chronic 4; H413	(1)(2)(10)	Component UVCB	
lead(II)sulphate	7446-14-2 231-198-9	0%<C<30%	Repr. 1A; H360Df Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H302 STOT RE 2; H373 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 Repr. 2; H361f: C≥2,5%, (CLP Annex VI (ATP 0)) STOT RE 2; H373: C≥0,5%, (CLP Annex VI (ATP 0))	(1)(2)(10)	Component UVCB	M: 1 (Acute, BIG)
antimony trioxide	1309-64-4 215-175-0	0%<C<0.1%	Carc. 2; H351	(1)(2)	Component UVCB	
zinc 01-2119467174-37	7440-66-6 231-175-3	5% <C<17.5%		(2)(10)	Component UVCB	
zinc oxide 01-2119463881-32	1314-13-2 215-222-5	1.2% <C<4.4%	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)	Component UVCB	M: 1 (Acute, ECHA) M: 1 (Chronic, ECHA)

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

3 / 19

Copper Cadmium Cement

zinc sulphate (anhydrous)	7733-02-0 231-793-3	10% <C<35%	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(10)	Component UVCB	M: 1 (Acute, ECHA (registration dossier)) M: 1 (Chronic, ECHA (registration dossier))
---------------------------	------------------------	---------------	--	---------	----------------	--

- (1) For H- and EUH-statements in full: see section 16
(2) Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit
(4) Enumerated in candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for authorisation (Article 59 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006)
(6) Enumerated in Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 but the classification has been adapted after evaluation of available test data
(10) Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General:

Observe (own) safety. If possible, approach victim and check vital functions. In case of injury and/or intoxication, call the European emergency number 112. Treat symptoms starting with most life-threatening injuries and disorders. Keep victim under observation, possibility of delayed symptoms.

After inhalation:

Remove victim into fresh air. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service.

After skin contact:

If possible, wipe up/dry remove chemical. Then rinse/shower immediately with (lukewarm) water. If irritation persists, consult a doctor/medical service.

After eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Consult a doctor/medical service.

After ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Do not wait for symptoms to occur to consult Poison Center.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.2.1 Acute symptoms

After inhalation:

AFTER INHALATION OF DUST: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Metal taste. Nausea. Vomiting. Feeling of weakness. Headache. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Risk of lung oedema. Risk of pneumonia. Decreased renal function.

After skin contact:

Tingling/irritation of the skin.

After eye contact:

Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Corrosion of the eye tissue.

After ingestion:

Nausea. Vomiting. Abdominal pain. Diarrhoea. Headache. AFTER INGESTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Increased salivation. Decreased renal function. Cramps/uncontrolled muscular contractions. Enlargement/affection of the liver.

4.2.2 Delayed symptoms

No effects known.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Adapt extinguishing media to the environment for surrounding fires.

5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Not applicable.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (sulphur oxides) and formation of metal oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

5.3.1 Instructions:

Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water.

5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Gloves (EN 374). Face shield (EN 166). Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034). Dust cloud production: self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 136 + EN 137). Dust cloud production: dust-tight suit (EN 13982). Heat/fire exposure: self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 136 + EN 137).

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

4 / 19

Copper Cadmium Cement

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Prevent dust cloud formation. No naked flames. Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.

6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See section 8.2

6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Gloves (EN 374). Face shield (EN 166). Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034). Dust cloud production: self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 136 + EN 137). Dust cloud production: dust-tight suit (EN 13982).

Suitable protective clothing

See section 8.2

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain released product, collect/pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the solid spill. Knock down/dilute dust cloud with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop dust cloud by covering with sand/earth. Scoop solid spill into closing containers. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid raising dust. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Keep container tightly closed.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Meet the legal requirements. Store in a dry area. Store at ambient temperature. Keep out of direct sunlight. Keep locked up. Unauthorized persons are not admitted.

7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, oxidizing agents, (strong) acids.

7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

Synthetic material, stoneware/porcelain, steel, tin.

7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

No data available

7.3. Specific end use(s)

If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational exposure

a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

EU

Arsenic acid and its salts, as well as inorganic arsenic compounds	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Binding occupational exposure limit value)	0.01 mg/m ³ (1)
Cadmium and its inorganic compounds	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Binding occupational exposure limit value)	0.001 mg/m ³ (2)
Inorganic lead and its compounds	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Binding occupational exposure limit value)	0.03 mg/m ³
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Binding occupational exposure limit value)	0.15 mg/m ³
Nickel compounds	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Binding occupational exposure limit value)	0.01 mg/m ³ (3)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Binding occupational exposure limit value)	0.05 mg/m ³ (1)

(1) (1): Inhalable fraction

(2) (10): Inhalable fraction. Limit value 0,004 mg/m³ until 11 July 2027. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine.

(3) (2): Respirable fraction

Copper Cadmium Cement

Belgium

Antimoine et ses composés (en Sb)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.5 mg/m ³
Arsenic, acide arsénique et ses sels, ainsi que ses composés inorganiques (en As)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.01 mg/m ³
Cadmium et ses composés (en Cd)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.002 mg/m ³ (1)
Cadmium et ses composés (en Cd) <i>shall apply from 2027-07-12</i>	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.001 mg/m ³ (2)
Cadmium et ses composés (en Cd) <i>shall apply until 2027-07-11</i>	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.004 mg/m ³ (2)
Calcium (sulfate de) (anhydrate, hemihydrate, dihydrate, gypse)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	10 mg/m ³
Cobalt métal (en Co)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.02 mg/m ³ (3)
Composés du nickel, (mesurée en tant que Ni)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.01 mg/m ³ (4)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.05 mg/m ³ (5)
Cuivre (en Cu)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.2 mg/m ³ (6)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1 mg/m ³ (7)
Nickel (métal)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.01 mg/m ³ (4)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.05 mg/m ³ (5)
Plomb inorganique et ses composés, mesurée en tant que Pb (non spécifié ailleurs)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.15 mg/m ³
Zinc (oxyde de)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	2 mg/m ³ (4)
	Short time value	10 mg/m ³ (4)

(1) particules alvéolaires

(2) particules inhalables

(3) fumées et poussières

(4) Fraction alvéolaire

(5) fraction inhalable

(6) fumées

(7) poussières et brouillards de

The Netherlands

Antimoon en -verbindingen (als Sb)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.099 ppm (1)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.5 mg/m ³ (1)
Cadmium en anorganische cadmiumverbindingen (als Cd) <i>shall apply from 2027-07-11</i>	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.00021 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.001 mg/m ³
Cadmium en anorganische cadmiumverbindingen (als Cd) <i>shall apply until 2027-07-10</i>	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.00086 ppm (0)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.004 mg/m ³
Kobalt (als Co)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.0082 ppm (3)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.02 mg/m ³ (3)
Koper en anorganische koperverbindingen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.038 ppm (4)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.1 mg/m ³ (4)
Lood en anorganische loodverbindingen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.017 ppm (5)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.15 mg/m ³ (5)
Nikkelverbindingen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.01 mg/m ³ (6)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.05 mg/m ³ (7)
Overige anorganische arseenverbindingen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	9E-5 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.28 µg/m ³

(1) als Sb

(2) als Cd

(3) stof en rook, als Co

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

6 / 19

Copper Cadmium Cement

(4) inhaleerbaar

(5) Als biologische grenswaarde op grond van artikel 4.16, eerste lid, van het besluit, wordt voor lood vastgesteld: 70 µg Pb/100 ml bloed.

(6) Respirabel, gemeten als nikkel. Sensibilisatie van de huid en de luchtwegen

(7) Inhaleerbaar, gemeten als nikkel. Sensibilisatie van de huid en de luchtwegen

France

Antimoine et ses composés, en Sb	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.5 mg/m ³
Cadmium et ses composés inorganiques <i>shall apply from 2027-07-12</i>	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRC: Valeur réglementaire contraignante)	0.001 mg/m ³ (1)
Cadmium et ses composés inorganiques <i>shall apply until 2027-07-11</i>	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRC: Valeur réglementaire contraignante)	0.004 mg/m ³ (1)
Calcium (sulfate de)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	10 mg/m ³
Composés du nickel exprimés en nickel	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRC: Valeur réglementaire contraignante)	0.01 mg/m ³ (2)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRC: Valeur réglementaire contraignante)	0.05 mg/m ³ (3)
Cuivre, en Cu	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	1 mg/m ³ (4)
	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	2 mg/m ³ (4)
Cuivre	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.2 mg/m ³ (5)
Nickel (métal)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	1 mg/m ³
Plomb métallique et composés, en Pb	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRC: Valeur réglementaire contraignante)	0.1 mg/m ³
Zinc (oxyde de)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	10 mg/m ³ (4)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	5 mg/m ³ (5)

(1) Fraction inhalable. Fraction alvéolaire si une surveillance biologique organisée par le médecin du travail permet de s'assurer du respect d'une valeur biologique maximale de 2 µg Cd/g de créatinine dans les urines.

(2) La valeur limite concerne la fraction alvéolaire

(3) La valeur limite concerne la fraction inhalable

(4) poussières

(5) fumées

Copper Cadmium Cement

Germany

Blei und anorganischen Bleiverbindungen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 505)	150 µg/m³ (1)
Cadmium und anorganische Cadmium Verbindungen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.002 mg/m³ (2)
	<i>Der AGW gilt nur für den E-Staub und deckt die nicht-krebserzeugende Wirkung (Nierentoxizität) ab. Die krebserzeugende Wirkung und der entsprechende Eintrag für den Astaub in der TRGS 910 sind zu berücksichtigen</i>	
	<i>Der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert bezieht sich auf den Elementgehalt des entsprechenden Metalls.</i>	
Calciumsulfat: Dihydrat (alveolengängige Fraktion)	<i>vgl. Abschn. IIb</i>	
Calciumsulfat: Dihydrat	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (MAK)	4 mg/m³ (3)
	<i>vgl. Abschn. V f) und g)</i>	
Diantimontrioxid	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.006 mg/m³ (4)
	<i>Der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert bezieht sich auf den Elementgehalt des entsprechenden Metalls.</i>	
Kupfer und seine Verbindungen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.045 mg/m³ (5)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.2 mg/m³ (6)
	<i>Der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert bezieht sich auf den Elementgehalt des entsprechenden Metalls.</i>	
Nickel und Nickelverbindungen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.030 mg/m³ (7)
	<i>Der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert bezieht sich auf den Elementgehalt des entsprechenden Metalls.</i>	
	<i>Die arbeitsmedizinisch-toxikologische Ableitung des Wertes basiert auf einer Plausibilitätsbetrachtung. Auf die Werte für den A-Staub für Nickelmetall in dieser TRGS und für Nickelverbindungen in der TRGS 910 wird hingewiesen.</i>	
	<i>Für als Carc 1A oder 1B eingestufte Nickelverbindungen siehe TRGS 910 und TRGS 561. Eine Beurteilung anhand des AGW für Nickelmetall kann dann erfolgen, wenn ausschließlich Nickelmetall vorliegt. Sofern bei Tätigkeiten nickelhaltige Stäube entstehen, bei denen nur eine Oberflächenoxidation zu unterstellen ist, sind diese wie nickelmetallhaltige Gemische zu behandeln. Bei Anwendung von thermischen Verfahren in Gegenwart von Luftsauerstoff ist grundsätzlich eine Bildung von oxidischen Nickelverbindungen anzunehmen. Dies ist beispielsweise beim Schweißen (Elektroden oder Draht) und thermischen Schneiden mit bzw. von Legierungen, beim Metallspritzen von Legierungen, beim Schmelzen und Gießen von Legierungen und beim Schleifen und Trennen von Legierungen mit „Funkenbildung“ der Fall. Weitere Empfehlungen sowie Beispiele für Arbeitsverfahren, bei denen der AGW bzw. die ERB zur Beurteilung herangezogen werden können, enthält die IFA-Arbeitsmappe (Kennzahl 0537).</i>	
Nickelmetall	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.006 mg/m³ (5)
	<i>Für als Carc 1A oder 1B eingestufte Nickelverbindungen siehe TRGS 910 und TRGS 561. Eine Beurteilung anhand des AGW für Nickelmetall kann dann erfolgen, wenn ausschließlich Nickelmetall vorliegt. Sofern bei Tätigkeiten nickelhaltige Stäube entstehen, bei denen nur eine Oberflächenoxidation zu unterstellen ist, sind diese wie nickelmetallhaltige Gemische zu behandeln. Bei Anwendung von thermischen Verfahren in Gegenwart von Luftsauerstoff ist grundsätzlich eine Bildung von oxidischen Nickelverbindungen anzunehmen. Dies ist beispielsweise beim Schweißen (Elektroden oder Draht) und thermischen Schneiden mit bzw. von Legierungen, beim Metallspritzen von Legierungen, beim Schmelzen und Gießen von Legierungen und beim Schleifen und Trennen von Legierungen mit „Funkenbildung“ der Fall. Weitere Empfehlungen sowie Beispiele für Arbeitsverfahren, bei denen der AGW bzw. die ERB zur Beurteilung herangezogen werden können, enthält die IFA-Arbeitsmappe (Kennzahl 0537).</i>	
Zink und seine anorganischen Verbindungen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (MAK)	0.1 mg/m³ (8)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (MAK)	2 mg/m³ (9)

(1) Die RL 98/24/EG legt einen bindenden Luftgrenzwert von 150 µg Blei/m³ fest, der somit als maximale Obergrenze in der Luft am Arbeitsplatz zu betrachten ist. Dieser Wert ist nicht gesundheitsbasiert und entspricht zudem nicht dem Stand von Wissenschaft und Technik. Es besteht keine Korrelation zwischen Luftmesswerten und Wirkungsdaten.

(2) Einatembare Fraktion; UF: 8(II)

(3) Einatembare Fraktion

(4) Alveolengängige Fraktion; UF: 8 (I)

(5) Alveolengängige Fraktion; UF: 8 (II)

(6) Einatembare Fraktion; UF: 4 (II)

(7) Einatembare Fraktion; UF: 8 (II)

(8) Alveolengängige Fraktion; UF: I(4)

(9) Einatembare Fraktion; UF: I(2); Zinkchlorid: Kurzzeitkategorie I(1)

Copper Cadmium Cement

Austria

Antimontrioxid – Herstellung von Antimontrioxid, Herstellung von Antimontrioxid-Masterbatches und -pasten (Wiegen und Mischen von Antimontrioxid-Pulver)	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (TRK)	1.2 mg/m ³ (1)
	Tagesmittelwert (TRK)	0.3 mg/m ³ (1)
Antimontrioxid – im übrigen	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (TRK)	0.4 mg/m ³ (1)
	Tagesmittelwert (TRK)	0.1 mg/m ³ (1)
Cadmium und seine Verbindungen <i>shall apply from 2027-07-12</i>	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (TRK)	0.004 mg/m ³ (2)
	Tagesmittelwert (TRK)	0.001 mg/m ³ (2)
Cadmium und seine Verbindungen <i>shall apply until 2027-07-11</i>	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (TRK)	0.016 mg/m ³ (2)
	Tagesmittelwert (TRK)	0.004 mg/m ³ (2)
Cobalt und seine Verbindungen (Cobalt als Cobaltmetall, Cobaltoxid, Cobaltsulfid und Cobaltsulfat, Staub von Cobaltlegierungen)– Herstellung von Cobaltpulver und Katalysatoren, Hartmetall- und Magnetherstellung (Pulveraufarbeitung, Pressen und mechanische Bearbeitung nicht gesinterter Werkstücke)	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (TRK)	2 mg/m ³ (3)
	Tagesmittelwert (TRK)	0.5 mg/m ³ (3)
Cobalt und seine Verbindungen (Cobalt als Cobaltmetall, Cobaltoxid, Cobaltsulfid und Cobaltsulfat, Staub von Cobaltlegierungen)– im übrigen	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (TRK)	0.4 mg/m ³ (3)
	Tagesmittelwert (TRK)	0.1 mg/m ³ (3)
Kupfer und seine Verbindungen(als Rauch)	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	0.1 mg/m ³ (4)
	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (MAK)	0.4 mg/m ³ (4)
Kupfer und seine Verbindungen	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	1 mg/m ³ (5)
	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (MAK)	4 mg/m ³ (5)
Nickel (Nickelmetall, Nickellegierungen und –verbindungen)	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (TRK)	0.04 mg/m ³ (6)
	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (TRK)	0.2 mg/m ³ (7)
	Tagesmittelwert (TRK)	0.01 mg/m ³ (6)
	Tagesmittelwert (TRK)	0.05 mg/m ³ (7)
Zinkoxid-Rauch	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	5 mg/m ³ (8)

- (1) Einatembare Fraktion; als Sb berechnet
 (2) Einatembare Fraktion; als Cd berechnet
 (3) Einatembare Fraktion; als Co berechnet
 (4) Alveolengängige Fraktion; als Cu berechnet
 (5) Einatembare Fraktion; als Cu berechnet
 (6) Alveolengängige Fraktion; als Ni berechnet
 (7) Einatembare Fraktion; als Ni berechnet
 (8) Alveolengängige Fraktion

Copper Cadmium Cement

UK

Antimony and compounds except stibine (as Sb)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.5 mg/m ³
Arsenic and compounds except arsine (as As)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.1 mg/m ³
Cadmium compounds except cadmium oxide fume, cadmium sulphide and cadmium sulphide pigments (as Cd)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.025 mg/m ³
Cadmium oxide fume (as Cd)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.025 mg/m ³
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.05 mg/m ³
Cadmium	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.025 mg/m ³
Cobalt compounds (as Co)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.1 mg/m ³
Cobalt	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.1 mg/m ³
Copper and compounds: dusts and mists (as Cu)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	1 mg/m ³
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	2 mg/m ³
Copper fume	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.2 mg/m ³
Gypsum	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	10 mg/m ³ (1)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	4 mg/m ³ (2)
Lead other than lead alkyls	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Occupational exposure limit (Control of lead at work))	0.15 mg/m ³
Nickel metal	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.5 mg/m ³
Nickel, insoluble inorganic compounds (as Ni)(except nickel tetracarbonyl)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.5 mg/m ³

(1) Inhalable dust

(2) Respirable dust

USA (TLV-ACGIH)

Antimony trioxide	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.02 mg/m ³ (1)
Arsenic and inorganic compounds, as As	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.01 mg/m ³
Cadmium and compounds, as Cd	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.002 mg/m ³ (2)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.01 mg/m ³
Calcium sulfate	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	10 mg/m ³ (1)
Cobalt and inorganic compounds, as Co	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.02 mg/m ³ (1)
Copper dusts and mists, as Cu	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	1 mg/m ³
Copper fume, as Cu	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.2 mg/m ³
Lead and inorganic compounds, as Pb	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.05 mg/m ³
Nickel and inorganic compounds including Nickel subsulfide, as Ni: Elemental	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	1.5 mg/m ³ (1)
Nickel and inorganic compounds including Nickel subsulfide, as Ni: Insoluble inorganic compounds (NOS)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.2 mg/m ³ (1)
Zinc oxide	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	2 mg/m ³ (2)
	Short time value (TLV - Adopted Value)	10 mg/m ³ (2)

(1) (I): Inhalable fraction

(2) (R): Respirable fraction

b) National biological limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

Belgium

Plomb et ses composés ioniques (Lood)	sang	70 µg/100ml	
---------------------------------------	------	-------------	--

Germany

Blei, anorganischen Bleiverbindungen und bleihaltigen Gemischen (Blei)	Vollblut: keine beschränkung im fließgleichgewicht	150 µg/l	Dieser Wert gilt nicht für Beschäftigte im gebärfähigen Alter. Die Regelungen des Mutterschutzgesetzes bleiben unberührt. Beschäftigungsbeschränkungen sind in Abschnitt 7, Verwendungsverbote in Abschnitt 6 aufgeführt.
--	--	----------	---

USA (BEI-ACGIH)

Cadmium and inorganic compounds (Cadmium)	Blood: not critical	5 µg/L	Background
---	---------------------	--------	------------

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

10 / 19

Copper Cadmium Cement

Cadmium and inorganic compounds (Cadmium)	Urine: not critical	5 µg/g creatinine	Background
Cobalt and inorganic compounds; including Cobalt oxides but not combined with Tungsten carbide (Cobalt)	Urine: end of shift at end of workweek	15 µg/L	Nonspecific
Lead and inorganic compounds (Lead)	Blood: not critical	200 µg/L	Persons applying this BEI® are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB over the current CDC reference value.
Nickel and inorganic compounds; after exposure to elemental Nickel and poorly soluble compounds (Nickel)	Urine: post-shift at end of workweek	5 µg/L	Background

c) National acceptable and tolerable concentrations

Germany

Cadmium und Cd-Verbindungen, als Carc. 1A, Carc. 1B eingestuft	Akzeptanzkonzentration (TRGS 910)	0.9 µg/m³
	Toleranzkonzentration (Risiko 4:1.000) (TRGS 910)	2 µg/m³
	Die Konzentrationen beziehen sich auf den Elementgehalt des entsprechenden Metalls	
	Die Toleranzkonzentration wurde gemäß Nummer 3.2.1 aufgrund einer nicht krebserzeugenden Wirkung festgelegt. Bei Überschreitung gelten die gleichen Maßnahmen wie bei Überschreitung des AGW.	
	Für Cadmium und Cadmium-Verbindungen ist ein AGW in der E-Staubfraktion festgelegt, siehe hierzu TRGS 900.	
Cobalt und Cobaltverbindungen, als Carc. 1A, Carc. 1B eingestuft	0.5 µg/m³	
	5 µg/m³	
	Die Konzentrationen beziehen sich auf den Elementgehalt des entsprechenden Metalls	
Nickelverbindungen, als Carc. 1A, Carc. 1B eingestuft	6 µg/m³	
	6 µg/m³	
	Die Konzentrationen beziehen sich auf den Elementgehalt des entsprechenden Metalls	
	Die Toleranzkonzentration wurde gemäß Nummer 3.2.1 aufgrund einer nicht krebserzeugenden Wirkung festgelegt. Bei Überschreitung gelten die gleichen Maßnahmen wie bei Überschreitung des AGW.	
	Für Nickelmetall ist ein AGW in der E- und A-Staubfraktion und für Nickelverbindungen ist ein AGW in der E-Staubfraktion festgelegt, siehe hierzu TRGS 900.	

8.1.2 Sampling methods

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

8.1.3 Applicable limit values when using the substance or mixture as intended

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

8.1.4 Threshold values

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

8.1.5 Control banding

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

8.2. Exposure controls

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid raising dust. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work.

a) Respiratory protection:

Dust production: dust mask with filter type P3. High dust production: self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 136 + EN 137).

b) Hand protection:

Protective gloves against chemicals (EN 374), Gloves always need to be selected in consultation with the supplier after analysing the specific operating conditions. The glove thickness and breakthrough time can vary per manufacturer, type and model of glove. The technical information of the glove manufacturer always needs to be consulted to ensure the most suitable glove is chosen for each task. The table below serves as an indication and is in compliance with norm EN-420 and EN-374 and other norms, that can be concluded from the risk analysis of the specific operation conditions.

Materials	Measured breakthrough time	Thickness	Protection index	Remark
PVC	> 30 minutes	1.5 mm	Class 2	
butyl rubber	> 120 minutes	0.5 mm	Class 4	

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

11 / 19

Copper Cadmium Cement

viton	> 480 minutes	0.4 mm	Class 6	
-------	---------------	--------	---------	--

c) Eye protection:

Face shield (EN 166). In case of dust production: protective goggles (EN 166).

d) Skin protection:

Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034). In case of dust production: head/neck protection. In case of dust production: dustproof clothing (EN 13982).

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

See sections 6.2, 6.3 and 13

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical form	Solid
	Powder
Colour	Grey
Odour	Odourless
Odour threshold	Not applicable
Melting point	243 °C ; 1013 hPa ; EU Method A.1
Boiling point	Not applicable (decomposes)
Flammability	Not classified as flammable
Explosion limits	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable (solid)
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	> 243 °C
pH	No data available in the literature
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable (solid)
Dynamic viscosity	Not applicable (solid)
Solubility	Water ; 0.09 g/100 ml ; 20 °C ; OECD 105
Log Kow	Not applicable (inorganic)
Vapour pressure	Not applicable (solid)
Absolute density	4390 kg/m ³ ; 22 °C ; EU Method A.3
Relative density	4.39 ; 22 °C ; EU Method A.3
Relative vapour density	Not applicable (solid)
Particle size	D50 ; ASTM E323-09 ; 408 µm

9.2. Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Precautionary measures

Avoid raising dust. Keep away from naked flames/heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, (strong) acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (sulphur oxides) and formation of metal oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

11.1.1 Test results

Acute toxicity

Copper Cadmium Cement

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	ATE		50 mg/kg bw - 300 mg/kg bw			Calculated value	

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

12 / 19

Copper Cadmium Cement

Oral	LD50		63 mg/kg bw - 259 mg/kg bw		Rat	Read-across	
Dermal	ATE		> 2000 mg/kg bw			Calculated value	
Inhalation (dust)	ATE		≤ 0.05 mg/l			Calculated value	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50		> 8.63 mg/m ³	30 minutes	Rat (male)	Read-across	

Conclusion

Toxic if swallowed.
Fatal if inhaled.
Not classified as acute toxic in contact with skin

Corrosion/irritation

Copper Cadmium Cement

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Serious eye damage					Calculated value	
Skin	Irritating					Calculated value	

Conclusion

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye damage.
Not classified as irritating to the respiratory system

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Copper Cadmium Cement

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Sensitizing					Calculated value	
Inhalation (dust)	Sensitizing					Calculated value	

Conclusion

May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Specific target organ toxicity

Copper Cadmium Cement

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ/Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral							Calculated value	Not classified
Oral (diet)	NOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test	3 mg/kg bw/day	No effect	3 month(s)	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value of similar product	Cadmium ion
Inhalation (dust)			STOT RE cat.1				Calculated value	
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 413	0.025 mg/m ³ air	Lungs (no effect)	13 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value of similar product	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 413	0.05 mg/m ³ air	Lungs (lung tissue affection/degeneration)	13 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)		

Conclusion

Causes damage to organs (bones, lungs, kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Not classified as sub-chronically toxic in contact with skin
Not classified as sub-chronically toxic if swallowed

Mutagenicity (in vitro)

Copper Cadmium Cement

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Positive				Calculated value	

Mutagenicity (in vivo)

Copper Cadmium Cement

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ/Effect	Value determination	Remark
category 1B					Calculated value	

Conclusion

May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

13 / 19

Copper Cadmium Cement

Copper Cadmium Cement

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ/Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Unknown			category 1A				Calculated value	

Conclusion

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Copper Cadmium Cement

Category	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect/Organ	Value determination	Remark
Developmental toxicity			category 1A				Calculated value	
Developmental toxicity (Inhalation (dust))	NOAEL	OECD 414	0.5 mg/m ³ air	16 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	No effect	Read-across	
	LOAEL	OECD 414	2 mg/m ³ air	16 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	Foetus (malformations)	Read-across	
Maternal toxicity (Inhalation (dust))	NOAEL	OECD 414	0.5 mg/m ³ air	16 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	No effect	Read-across	
Effects on fertility			category 1A				Calculated value	
Effects on fertility (Inhalation (dust))	Dose level		0.09 mg/m ³			Reproductive performance	Experimental value of similar product	

Conclusion

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Aspiration hazard

Copper Cadmium Cement

Not classified for aspiration toxicity

Toxicity other effects

Copper Cadmium Cement

No (test) data available

Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Copper Cadmium Cement

Skin rash/inflammation. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Respiratory difficulties. Risk of pneumonia. Affection of the renal tissue. Change in urine composition. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Affection/dyscolouration of the teeth. Slowing ossification.

11.2. Information on other hazards

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Copper Cadmium Cement

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity crustacea	LC50	EPA 600/4-78-012	38 µg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	ErC50	OECD 201	18 µg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across; GLP

Conclusion

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Water

Biodegradability: not applicable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Copper Cadmium Cement

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	Not applicable (inorganic)			

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

14 / 19

Copper Cadmium Cement

Conclusion

Contains bioaccumulative component(s)

12.4. Mobility in soil

No (test)data on mobility of the component(s) available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The criteria of PBT and vPvB as listed in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 do not apply to inorganic substances.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties

12.7. Other adverse effects

Copper Cadmium Cement

Greenhouse gases

Not included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 2024/573)

Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 2024/590)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

European Union

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997. The waste code must be assigned by the user, preferably in consultation with the (environmental) authorities concerned.

13.1.2 Disposal methods

Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Do not discharge into surface water (Directive 2000/60/EC, Council Decision 2455/2001/EC). Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Dispose of at authorized waste collection point.

13.1.3 Packaging/Container

European Union

Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC).

15 01 10* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

SECTION 14: Transport information

Road (ADR)

14.1. UN number or ID number

UN number	3288
-----------	------

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name	toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (cadmium (non-pyrophoric))
----------------------	---

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Hazard identification number	60
Class	6.1
Classification code	T5

14.4. Packing group

Packing group	II
Labels	

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance mark	 yes
--	--

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special provisions	274
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 500 g per inner packaging for solids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg (gross mass).

Rail (RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

15 / 19

Copper Cadmium Cement

UN number	3288
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (cadmium (non-pyrophoric))
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Hazard identification number	60
Class	6.1
Classification code	T5
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	II
Labels	
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	274
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 500 g per inner packaging for solids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg (gross mass).

Inland waterways (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number	
UN number/ID number	3288
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (cadmium (non-pyrophoric))
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	6.1
Classification code	T5
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	II
Labels	
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	274
Special provisions	802
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 500 g per inner packaging for solids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg (gross mass).

Sea (IMDG/IMSBC)

14.1. UN number or ID number	
UN number	3288
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (cadmium (non-pyrophoric))
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	6.1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	II
Labels	
14.5. Environmental hazards	

Copper Cadmium Cement

Marine pollutant	P
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	 yes

14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	274
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 500 g per inner packaging for solids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg (gross mass).
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	Not applicable

Air (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number	
UN number/ID number	3288
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (cadmium (non-pyrophoric))
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	6.1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	II
Labels	 6.1
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	 yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	A3
Special provisions	A5
Passenger and cargo transport	
Limited quantities: maximum net quantity per packaging	1 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European legislation:

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

VOC content	Remark
	Not applicable (inorganic)

Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Threshold values under normal circumstances

Substance or category	Low tier (tonnes)	Top tier (tonnes)	Group	For this substance or mixture the summation rule has to be applied for:
H1 ACUTE TOXIC	5	20	None	Toxicity
E1 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1	100	200	None	Eco-toxicity

Prior informed consent (PIC)

Contains component(s) listed in Annex I of Regulation (EU) No 649/2012: Part 1 - List of chemicals subject to export notification procedure

REACH Candidate list

Contains component(s) included in candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for authorisation (Article 59 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006)

REACH Annex XIV - Authorisation

Does not contain component(s) included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: list of substances subject to authorisation

Copper Cadmium Cement

REACH Annex XVII - Restriction

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

National legislation Belgium

No data available

National legislation The Netherlands

Waterbezwaarlijkheid	Z (1); Algemene Beoordelingsmethodiek (ABM)
----------------------	---

National legislation France

No data available

National legislation Germany

Lagerklasse (TRGS510)	6.1B: Nicht brennbare, akut toxische Kat. 1 und 2 / sehr giftige Gefahrstoffe
WGK	3; Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (AwSV) - 18. April 2017
TA-Luft	5.2.7.1.1/I

National legislation Austria

No data available

National legislation United Kingdom

No data available

Other relevant data

No data available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of any H- and EUH-statements referred to under section 3:

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H330 Fatal if inhaled.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H340 May cause genetic defects.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350 May cause cancer.
H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H360F May damage fertility.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (bones, lungs, kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H372 Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

(*)	INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG
ADI	Acceptable daily intake
AOEL	Acceptable operator exposure level
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
BEI	Biological Exposure Indices
CLP (EU-GHS)	Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
EC10	Effect Concentration 10 %
EC50	Effect Concentration 50 %
ErC50	EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate
GLP	Good Laboratory Practice
LC0	Lethal Concentration 0 %
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50 %

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

18 / 19

Copper Cadmium Cement

LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %
LOAEC/LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration/Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC/NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration/No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC/NOEL	No Observed Effect Concentration/No Observed Effect Level
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
STP	Sludge Treatment Process
vPvB	very Persistent & very Bioaccumulative

The information in this safety data sheet is based on data and samples provided to BIG. The sheet was written to the best of our ability and according to the state of knowledge at that time. The safety data sheet only constitutes a guideline for the safe handling, use, consumption, storage, transport and disposal of the substances/preparations/mixtures mentioned under point 1. New safety data sheets are written from time to time. Only the most recent versions may be used. Unless indicated otherwise word for word on the safety data sheet, the information does not apply to substances/preparations/mixtures in purer form, mixed with other substances or in processes. The safety data sheet offers no quality specification for the substances/preparations/mixtures in question. Compliance with the instructions in this safety data sheet does not release the user from the obligation to take all measures dictated by common sense, regulations and recommendations or which are necessary and/or useful based on the real applicable circumstances. BIG does not guarantee the accuracy or exhaustiveness of the information provided and cannot be held liable for any changes by third parties. This safety data sheet is only to be used within the European Union, Switzerland, Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein. Any use outside of this area is at your own risk. Use of this safety data sheet is subject to the licence and liability limiting conditions as stated in your BIG licence agreement or when this is failing the general conditions of BIG. All intellectual property rights to this sheet are the property of BIG and its distribution and reproduction are limited. Consult the mentioned agreement/conditions for details.

Reason for revision: 1; 2; 3; 6; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 15; 16

Publication date: 2012-02-27

Date of revision: 2025-06-23

Revision number: 0400

BIG number: 51696

19 / 19