SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name LEAD

1010 TO 2070 - PRODUCT CODE • 9010 - PRODUCT CODE • BISMUTH LEAD ALLOY • LEAD BLOCK • **Synonyms**

LEAD BULLION • LEAD PIG • VRLA INGOT

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

NYRSTAR PORT PIRIE Supplier name

Address PO Box 219, Port Pirie, SA, 5540, AUSTRALIA

Telephone (08) 8638 1500 (08) 8638 1583 Fax info@nyrstar.com **Email** Website http://www.nyrstar.com

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

(08) 8638 1500 **Emergency**

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

Physical Hazards

Not classified as a Physical Hazard

Health Hazards

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Category 2 Carcinogenicity: Category 2 Toxic to Reproduction: Category 1A Toxic to Reproduction: Lactation effects

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 2

Environmental Hazards

Aquatic Toxicity (Acute): Category 1 Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic): Category 1

2.2 GHS Label elements

DANGER Signal word

Pictograms







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Hazard statements

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response statements

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage statements

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal statements

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

Toxic effects of Lead and alloying metals arise from exposure to dust, fume, vapour or mist forms and are not considered toxic in solid (metal) form.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
LEAD	7439-92-1	231-100-4	>97%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye Exposure is considered unlikely.

Inhalation Due to product form / nature of use, an inhalation hazard is not anticipated.

Skin Exposure is considered unlikely. Skin irritation is not anticipated.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). Due to

product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (lead oxides) when heated to decomposition.



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5.3 Advice for firefighters

No fire or explosion hazard exists.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

If spilt, collect and return to manufacturer.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure product is adequately labelled.

7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingredient		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Lead, inorganic dusts & fumes (as Pb)	SWA [AUS]		0.05		

Biological limits

Ingredient	Reference	Determinant	Sampling Time	BEI
LEAD	ACGIH BEI	Lead in blood	Not critical	200 μg/L
	ACGIH BEI	Lead in blood (women of child bearing potential)	Not critical	10 µg/100ml
	SWA [AUS]	Lead in blood	Not critical	30 µg/dL
	SWA [AUS]	Lead in blood (women of child bearing potential)	Not critical	10 μg/dL

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls No special precautions are normally required when handling this product.



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PPE

Eye / Face Wear safety glasses.
Hands Wear leather gloves.
Body Wear safety boots.

Respiratory Not required under normal conditions of use.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance BLUE/WHITE SILVERY/GREY METALLIC SOLID (25 KG INGOTS, 1 TONNE AND 2 TONNE

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BLOCKS)

OdourODOURLESSFlammabilityNON FLAMMABLEFlash pointNOT RELEVANT

Boiling point 1740°C **Melting point** 327°C

Evaporation rate NOT RELEVANT PH NOT RELEVANT Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Relative density 11.34 Solubility (water) INSOLUBLE

Vapour pressure 1 mm Hg @ 973°C Upper explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold** NOT AVAILABLE

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT RELEVANT

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with incompatible substances.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and acids (e.g. nitric acid).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (lead oxides) when heated to decomposition.



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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Lead is expected to be harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin, and/or if inhaled. Acute toxicity

Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
LEAD	50 mg/kg to 600 mg/kg (calf)		

Skin Non irritant. Metallic lead is very poorly absorbed through the skin and is therefore not considered a hazard

through this route of exposure.

Exposure considered unlikely. Due to product form and nature of use, the potential for exposure is reduced. Eve

Sensitisation Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

The evidence for genotoxic effects of lead is contradictory, with numerous studies reporting both positive and Mutagenicity

negative effects. Responses appear to be induced by indirect mechanisms, mostly at very high

concentrations that lack physiological relevance.

Lead compounds (inorganic) are classified as probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A). Carcinogenicity

Reproductive There is sufficient data to indicate that lead compounds may damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause

harm to breast-fed children.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified as causing organ damage from single exposure. Due to the product form (solid), an inhalation

hazard is not anticipated.

STOT - repeated exposure

Lead is a cumulative poison and may be absorbed into the body through ingestion or inhalation. Lead has

been documented in observational human studies to produce toxicity in multiple organ systems and body function including the haematopoietic (blood) system, kidney function, reproductive function and the central

nervous system.

Not applicable for solids. Aspiration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Due to product form and low solubility, the environmental impact of this product is expected to be reduced. However, should the product dissolve slightly following prolonged immersion in waterways, the soluble lead compounds will be toxic to aquatic organisms, livestock and irrigable plants.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Inorganic lead does not degrade.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Inorganic lead is considered to be bioaccumulating in the environment, and may accumulate in aquatic and terrestrial plants and animals.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Insoluble in water.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Return to manufacturer/supplier where possible. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information

(if required).

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Legislation

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA



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	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.3 Transport hazard class	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.4 Packing Group	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

14.5 Environmental hazards

Marine Pollutant.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code

None allocated.

Other information

The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in packages of less than 5 kg/L (UN Model Regulations: Special Provision 375; IATA: Special Provision A197; IMDG: Special Provision 969) or less than 500 kg/L by Australian Road and Rail. Solid material not regulated for transport under 2.3.2.1.3 of the Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) and International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) codes, and under 3.6.1.5.3 of the International Air Transport Association (IATA).

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).

Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals)

All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGES: Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

IARC GROUP 2A - PROBABLE HUMAN CARCINOGEN. This product contains an ingredient which has demonstrated sufficient evidence to have been classified by the International Agency for Research into Cancer (IARC) as a probable human carcinogen and whose use should be strictly monitored and controlled.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

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The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.



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HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794

Email: info@rmtglobal.com Web: www.rmtglobal.com

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